INSURANCE.

We all want self-Government and that too quickly.

The Bombay Chronicle

INSURANCE.

Swaraj must begin at once by helping Indian Insurance Companies.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZSHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913. REGD. NO. B 1065.

VOL. XVI NO. 304--- BOMBAY FRIDAY DECEMBER 14 1928 ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. British India

(Incorporated in England)

MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE

P & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

(Calling at Malta every alternate week.)

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1928			
16 Dec.	Razmak ..	All	10,602
22 "	Malwa * ..		10,953
29 "	Kaisar-i-Hind.	vessels	11,518
1929			
5 Jan.	Naldera * ..		16,088
12 "	Rajputana ..	will	16,568
19 "	Mantua * ..		10,946
26 "	Ranchi ..	now	16,650
2 Feb.	Narkunda x ..		16,572
9 "	Ranpura ..	sail	16,601
16 "	Morea * ..		10,953
23 "	Razmak ..	direct	10,602
2 Mar.	Mooltan x ..		20,847
9 "	Kaisar-i-Hind	from	11,518
16 "	Rawalpindi @		16,619
23 "	Rajputana ..	Bombay	16,568
30 "	Maloja x ..		20,837
6 Apr.	Ranchi ..	without	16,650
13 "	Ranpura ..		16,601
20 "	Rawalpindi ..	transhipment	16,619
27 "	Naldera * ..		16,088
4 May	Viceroy of India ..	at	19,000
11 "	Mantua * ..		10,946
18 "	Kaisar-i-Hind.	Aden.	11,518
25 "	Narkunda x ..		16,572
1 June	Macedonia ..		11,000
8	Morea ..		10,954
15	Razmak ..		10,602
22	Mooltan ..		20,843

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

@ To Marseilles only

x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

* Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS.

FIRST AND SECOND Saloon Return tickets at Special Reduced Rates will be issued for any Mail Steamer during the period commencing from Bombay with the sailing of the S.S. "MACEDONIA" on the 1st of June 1929 and terminating with the steamer due in Bombay on the 30th September 1929. The fares will be as follows:—

	1st Saloon	2nd Saloon
To London and back by sea	£135	£75
To London and back via Marseilles including P. & O. Special Train across France		
In both directions	£120	£90
To Marseilles and back	£100	£72

The accommodation allotted will be the best available at time of application.

SINGLE BERTH CABINS.

There will be no extra charge for Single Berth Cabins between 1st June and 1st January.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers	Tons.
1929		
21st Mar.	Dumana * ..	8427
11th Apr.	Domala * ..	8441

* On and after the 21st March, 1929 these two vessels will be one class ships.

Fares as follows:—

		Single	Return
Bombay to Plymouth	A	£64	£112
	B	£60	£105
	C	£56	£98

SHIPPING

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA O.S.K. LINE

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN via SINGAPORE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI

Steamer.	Arrival.	Departure.
Sumatra Maru ..	11th Dec.	23rd Dec.
Sydney Maru ..	20th "	30th "
Shinnoh Maru ..	24th "	8th Jan.
Heijin Maru ..	30th "	10th "
Shinsei Maru ..	30th "	13th "
Indus Maru ..	11th Jan.	23rd "
Shingo Maru ..	14th "	27th "
Shunko Maru ..	23rd "	6th Feb.

For Particulars apply to:—
Ch. MURASE, Manager
Phone Nos. 22150 and 25473
Telegrams: "SHOSEN."
Box No. 868.

INCOME-TAX & SUPER-TAX

Statutory Statement of Account prepared, Audit of Books or Firms UNDERTAKEN

B.L. THOSAR, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
436-497, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 22997.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

1928 Date about		
*13th Dec.	Alipore ..	Straits China and Japan.
*21st "	Kidderpore ..	Straits China and Japan.
21st "	Morea ..	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
*31st "	Hiyeizan Maru.	Straits & Japan.
1929. 4th Jan.	Mooltan ..	Colombo and Australia.
18th "	Macedonia ..	Colombo, Straits China & Japan
1st Feby.	Maloja ..	Colombo and Australia.
15th "	Malwa ..	Colombo, Straits China & Japan
1st Mar.	Naldera ..	Colombo Straits China & Japan
15th "	Mantua ..	Colombo Straits Cbina & Japan
29th "	Narkunda ..	Colombo and Australia.
26th April	Mooltan ..	Colombo and Australia.

* Cargo only.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA & RANGOON.

1928.		
14th Dec.	Varela ..	Busreh via Karachi.
15th "	Chakla ..	Karachi via Porebunder, Dwarka & Cutch Mandvi.
17th "	Vita ..	Karachi via PortOkha & Cutch Mandvi.
19th "	Bandra ..	Busreh via Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports
19th "	Karapara ..	East and South Africa
1929 9th Jan.	Ellora ..	Mombasa only

REDUCED FARES.

First Class return tickets to Mombasa available for three months are now issued by the East Africa Line of steamers. Return fare Rs. 500/- only: Apply for particulars to the undersigned.

There will be sailings for Karachi on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thurs/Fridays, and Saturdays, every week. The departure of the Karachi/Gulf mail on Thursday or Friday is dependent upon the arrival of the inward English Mail.

Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by Thurs/Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. & O. Mail Steamer or through passengers to Bugreh.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO., Ballard Road Fort, Bombay

SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

FOR SINGAPORE, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive.	Leave.
Hakone Maru ..	10506	....	@12Dec.
Suwa Maru ..	10700	....	@26 "
*Fuku Maru ..	6750	17 Dec.	29 Dec.
*Tomiura Maru	3821	22 "	30 "
Fushimi Maru ..	10936	....	@9 Jan.
*Muroran Maru ..	5374	1 Jan.	13
*Yesaki Maru ..	4372	9 "	23 "
Hakozaki Maru ..	10500	....	@23 "
*Nagato Maru ..	5901	16 "	27 "
*Yamagata Maru	5807	19 "	31 "

* Do not carry passengers.
@ From Colombo.
For MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseilles
Kamo Maru ..	7955	27 Dec.	13 Jan.
Katori Maru ..	10000	10 Jan	27 Jan.
Atsuta Maru ..	8000	24 "	10 Feb.

FROM ORIENT TO SAN FRANCISCO.

Steamers.	Tons.	From Hongkong.	From Kobe
Taiyo Maru ..	22000	....	17 Jan.
Tenyo Maru ..	22000	23 Jan.	30 Jan

Other are Orient-Seattle, South American (East and West Coast) and Japan-Australia Services.

Reduced combined through fares.

Cheapest Round-the-World tour rates and other fares, full particulars of which are furnished on application to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
'Phone No. 20279, 23738.
Telegrams: -YUSEN".

A Sure Cure

FOR
Indigestion, Brain-fag
Weak memory, etc.

TheAtank Nigrah Pills

Rupee ONE only for a tin (32 pills)

For particulars write to—
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
JAMNAGAR (Kathiawar.)

Bombay Office—Kalbadevi Road.

Bombay Widows' Pension Fund Ltd

ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 23-25, Hunum Street, Fort, above Messrs. Warden & Co.

FUNDED CAPITAL RS. 2,78,200.

Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation was entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provisions for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate, 30 per cent. surrender value in case the wife pre-deceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.

25 per cent. Commission to Canvassers on First 12 months' subscription.

For details apply for a Copy of Rules to:
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

WHEN YOU SPEND SO MUCH

For Your Clothes

why not be certain that they are made by artistic tailors

Araujo Fernandes & Co.,
Merchant Tailors,
rincess Street : : : BOMBA

INSURANCE.

WESTERN INDIA

Life Insurance Co., Ltd.
SATARA CITY.
PRE-EMINENT among
INDIAN COMPANIES at the age of 13.
Fourth Valuation at the end of 1926.
UNSURPASSED BONUS!

Bonus per W. Life Rs. 22-1/2	1000 p.a. End Rs. 18.

Strongest Reserves!!
(1) *Life* Assurance Fund. Rs. 10,64,993
(2) Total Undivided Reserves. Rs. 3,42,170.
RATIO of (2) to (1) 32 per cent.
NO OTHER COMPANY in INDIA can show EQUAL RESULTS.
For agency and other particulars please apply.

THE
EAST & WEST
INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY
Guaranteed Bonus of Rs. 12/- per Rs. 1000/- per year.
Purely Indian Concern—Offers everything best in Life Insurance.
Several new attractive plans
Marriage Dowry Policies on easy terms and liberal conditions
For Agency terms and other particulars Apply to the:—
SECRETARIES Bombay

COTTON TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION SERVICE.

(Established under the guidance of Sheth Vrajlal Ranchhordas.)
NEW YORK FUTURES.
NEW YORK FUTURES AND LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS from the opening market to closing with time to time fluctuations and our Agent's opinion and closing expectations and other cotton informations are being daily received at this Bureau and furnished to the clientele at the earliest by express telegrams to any part of India.
NEW YORK CLOSING FUTURES CAN BE WIRED AFTER 2-0 A.M. AFTER MID-NIGHT ON RECEIPT OF OUR SPECIAL CABLE.
We can also furnish promptly all important information about local cotton market to up-country clients as well as to our local clients by TELEPHONE according to their instructions by commission.
For commission rates and other particulars, please write to:—
SHETH MADHAVDAS RANCHHORDAS
Opp. Central Telegraph Office,
375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
Tele. address:—'COMEALONG'.
Telephone—22275.

COTTON MARKET

Now remains 103 Rs. Fluctuations

TO KNOW THE FUTURE RESULT.
Purchase PROFESSOR SHAH'S SPECIAL COTTON FORECAST.

	Rs.
Till April May 1929 Charge ..	125
Weekly Cotton Forecast Charge ..	10
Monthly Cotton Forecast Charge.	30

4 BUREAU REPORTS till 8-11-28 and GINNING REPORT were proved exactly correct as previously published in this paper. All are welcomed to examine at my place WHOLE LIFE HISTORY is predicted by examining PALM.
Special accommodation for Ladies visiting hours from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 6 to 8 p.m. (S. T.), Kalbadevi Road opp. Grain and Seeds Brokers' Association (Alshi's Patia) on 2nd floor, Bombay, No. 2.
PROFESSOR SHAH, PALMIST.

INSURANCE

Industrial and Prudential
ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

BONUSES DECLARED
Rs. 75 on Whole Life Policies
Rs. 62-8 on Endowment Policies
for the Quinquennium.

DISABILITY BENEFITS Without extra Charge.

For Full Particulars Apply to:—

AGENTS WANTED even in Small Towns.

JIVANLAL DASTOOR & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers,
The Industrial & Prudential Assurance Co. Ltd.,
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

ORIENTAL
GOVERNMENT SECURITY
Life Assurance Co., Ltd.

RESULTS of the TRIENNIUM ended 31st December, 1927.
PROFITS Rs. 77,94,716.

INCREASED BONUSES DECLARED.
Rs. 25 per Rs. 1,000 per annum under LIFE POLICIES
Rs. 20 per Rs. 1,000 per annum under ENDOWMENT POLICIES

No matter how much life assurance you carry at present IT WILL PAY YOU to take A NEW POLICY from the ORIENTAL now.
Thousands do so Every Year and are satisfied.

For full particulars apply to:—
H. EDWIN JONES, F.F.A., A.I.A., Manager, Oriental Buildings, Bombay, or to any of the Company's Branches.

THE INDIA PROVIDENT Co., Ltd.

25% of the the Premium refunded as Bonus. Funds about Rs. 2½ Lakhs.
The Safest Office for Life Insurance for the poor. Premium Re. 1 or As. 8 per month. Active and Honest Agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to Messrs. R. M. DIVADKAR & Co., Chief Agents, Mazagon, BOMBAY. 10

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers who do not receive their copy of "The Chronicle" in time are requested kindly to furnish the following information to the Manager, Subscription Department:—

Name of Subscriber.....

Address.....

Register No.....

Date of paper .....Time of delivery.....

Bombay Chronicle.

SCHEDULE OF RATES FOR SUBSCRIPTION.
DAILY EDITION.

	Local. Rs. a.	Mofussil. Rs. a.
Yearly	20 0	25 0
Half-Yearly	10 0	12 8
Quarterly	5 0	6 4
Monthly	1 14	2 4

SINGLE COPY, ONE ANNA.
Subscription to Foreign Countries will be Rs. 36 per year.

SUNDAY EDITION.
Yearly ..... Rs. 4 Rs. 5.

Foreign Rs. 7.

SINGLE COPY, ONE AND HALF ANNA.
PAYMENT STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

Rupee ONE

For First Twenty Words

AND

ONE ANNA

For each additional word.
Terms:—CASH with order.
INSTRUCTIONS.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No.—Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows—Box Number— Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED for Carpet Factory North India good Wool Dyer conversant with Acid, Mordant and Chrome Dyestuffs. Apply stating experience, terms and date of entry to Box No. 2213 Advt. Deptt. "Bombay Chronicle."

A R1330

WANTED—Applications are invited for the post of the MANAGER of the Tribune Press and Newspaper Lahore in the grade of Rs. 250-25-500 plus Rs. 40/- as house rent. Kindly mention experience if any, of the working of the Newspaper press. Reference to previous employers may also be given. Applications should reach the Officiating Manager of the "Tribune" Lahore not later than 20th December, 1928.

A 31507

WANTED—Candidates for Telegraph and Station Master Classes. Boarding arrangements. Particulars with Railway Fare Certificate on 2-anna stamps—Royal Telegraph College, Delhi.

A R1305

WANTED—INFLUENTIAL and EXPERIENCED AGENTS on Pay and Commission to sell Shares of First Class Tea garden in Assam, Dividend declared at 20 p. c. Apply for Particulars to THE NORTH INDIAN TEA AND FINANCE LD., 2, Lalbazar Street Calcutta.

WANTED—An experienced LL.B., for the post of Sar Nyayadhish (District and Sessions Judge), Cambay State. Pay Rs. 250-25/3-350 p.m. Apply with testimonials, before 20th December, 1928, stating age, caste, number of years' practice and service as Judge, etc., to the Administrator, Cambay, State, Cambay.

A 31495

WANTED To know that the Civil Engineering School Lucknow (Managed and maintained by the Hindu Education Society Registered under Act XXI of 1860) trains candidates for the Subordinate Engineering Services. For full particulars and prospectus apply to the Principal.

A 31492

SITUATIONS VACANT

POST—BAND MASTER, Salary up Rs. 300/- Must have experience of both brass and string instruments, and be conversant with Indian Music. Will be guided in all matters of leave, travelling allowance, security, pension, etc., by State Rules. Apply with photograph and copies of testimonials, which will not be returned and without which no applications will be considered, before 15th. December, 1928, to the ARMY MINISTER, in His Highness' Government, Alwar.

A 31370.

HOUSES AND FLATS TO LET.

TO LET—FLATS and BLOCKS, airy and well ventilated at No. 23A Matarpakhadi, Mazgaon. For particulars see AMICHAND HAZARIMAL on the premises.

C R1319

LOANS.

9250—CASH LOANS granted without interest for 10 years in 1928 Concession enlistment, commences from 1st November for distributing loans of Rs. 5,000 on 31st January, 1929. Paid Agents wanted. For rules and list of loans granted, enclose two annas stamps. BANKING & INDUSTRIAL SYNDICATE, LTD Bombay 2.

L R1286

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE GWALIOR SUN BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT

Surpasses all the requirements of the British Standard Specification and is certified by Government Test House, Alipore to be cement of a high order and recommended for all classes of work. All enquiries and orders will have our best attention.

YUSUF BUILDING,

Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

Tel. No 21934.

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per Column. Inch per Insertion.

1st Insertion ..... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion ..... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion ..... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions ..... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

TENDERS.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY CO.,

(Incorporated in England.)

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of Coal Ashes from Parel Shed and refuse from the Parel Workshops on the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway, and will be received in the Agent's Office, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (S. T.), on WEDNESDAY, the 19th December, 1928.

Forms of tender at Re. 1 each can be obtained from the Loco. and Carr. Superintendent, Parel.

Tenderers will be required to pay a sum of Rs. 500 in cash as earnest money direct to the Treasurer, Broad-gauge System, Bombay, and to attach the receipt obtained for it to the tender before submission to the Agent, otherwise the tender will not be considered.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender and reserves the right to accept any tender in whole or in part.

J. E. JACKSON,
Agent.

Church-Gate Station,
6th December, 1928.

31486

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration to the property and credits of SHER ALI TAR MAHOMED, late of Mahuva (Kathiawar), of Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitant, carrying on business at Nagdevi Street as Commission Agent ..... Deceased.

RAMJANALI JAMALBHOY, of Bombay, Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Umarkhadi, without the Fort of Bombay, for the use and benefit of Akbar and Yusuf, the minor sons of the deceased, and limited till either of them attain majority ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir AMBERSON BARRINGTON MARTEN, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Eleventh day of December in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-eight and in the Nineteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Registrar.

(Sd.) E. J. DAVAR.

The 11th day of December, 1928.
(Sd.) Messrs. GHULAM ALI & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

31508

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits (estate and effects) of Anant Mangeshrao Telang, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a Civil Engineer, District Local Board, Thana, residing at the time of his death at Thana, District Thana .... Deceased.

(1) SUBBARAO SANTAPPA NADKARNI, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Lamington Road, without the Fort of Bombay, duly constituted Attorney of Bai Laxmibai, widow of Anant Mangeshrao Telang; (2) VINAYAK DATTATREY MUZUMDAR, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, Inspector of Income Tax, duly constituted Attorney of Venkatrao Mangeshrao Telang, residing at Girgaum, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the above-named deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir AMBERSON BARRINGTON MARTEN, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this Fifth day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty eight and in the nineteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Registrar.

(Sd.) E. J. DAVAR.

The 5th day of December, 1928.

Messrs. DABHOLKER & JESHTARAM,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

31509

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO

120, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF 3 CORRUGATED IRON CHOWKEYS AND MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES.

Under instructions from Messrs. N. H. Moos, Esqr., Received appointed in Suit No. 1379 of 1928 (K. Worak and Co. vs. Bhagwanlal) Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will on THURSDAY, the 20th instant at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises at Mazagaon Coal Bunder (Lakadi Bunder), Sewree.

3 corrugated iron chowkeys, small and large coal baskets, scales, weights, chalnis, hammers, hooks, powrahs, phalis, wooden scraps and patlas, sign boards, chairs, etc., etc.

The above will be on view on the day of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT OLD NAGPADA ROAD.

Under instructions from Messrs. Maneckji Jethabhai Vurdhman and others and with the concurrence of the Mortgagees the Provident Investment Co., Ltd., Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will on FRIDAY, the 28th instant at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece of land situate at Old Nagpada Road with the messuage, tenements and buildings standing thereon admeasuring about 1053 square yards, bearing Collector's New No. 3205, part of New Survey No. 3122, Cadastral Survey No. 1559 of Mandvi Division and assessed by the Municipality under B Ward No. 3212, Street Nos. 14 to 22 and bounded on the North by the property bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1562, on the South by Old Nagpada Road, on the East by the Sweepers passage and on the West by a Mosque.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the Vendors or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGOES OF THE BOMBAY PORT TRUST DOCKS.

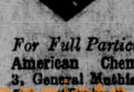
In accordance with Section 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Act of 1879 and as from time to time amended and under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 18th December, 1928, at 2 p.m. in the Liquor Warehouse at Alexandra Dock the following goods:—

Steel hoops, Oil, Shafting, Steel sheets, Essential oil, Cycle parts, Seeds, Steel joists, Chemicals, Lady shoes, Dental goods, Auto parts, Fire-crackers, Indian carpets, Game requisites, Planks, etc.

MENESSE & CO.

COOK — EASY
Fully Illustrated Catalogue FREE
ANNAPURNA COOKER Co.
Bg. Basavangudi, Bangalore.
Bombay Agents:
Mafatlal Vanmalidas & Co.
Girgaum Back Road.

CHEMICAL DIAMONDS



Guaranteed Hardness and Brightness, equal to Genuine Diamonds. Price: Rs. 5 to Rs. 10, per carat

For Full Particulars Apply to:—
American Chemical Diamonds Co.
3, General Muthiah Mudali Street,
Tel: "Tsuna." MADRAS

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

TO-NIGHT 9-30 p.m.

THE BANVARD COMEDY CO.

Presents

"THARK"

The Great Aldwych Theatre Success

MADAN THEATRES LD.

Present at

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

6-30 and 10 p.m.

BABY

LORNA BLACBURN

The Smallest Dancer in the World
In Conjunction with Cinema.
THE DARK SWAN.
Featuring
MARIE PREVOST & MONTE BLUE

EMPIRE THEATRE

6-15, 8-15 and 10 p. m.

THE DUNCAN SISTERS

In

TOPSY AND EVA

Based on The Immortal Friendship of
TOPSY, LITTLE EVA
AND UNCLE TOM.

TO-MORROW

SATURDAY 15th DECEMBER

will see the release of the initial production OF

THE NEW INDIA FILM Co.

named

RAJ KUWAR

depicting a glorious chapter from the Maharatta history in the days of

SHAHU MAHARAJ

AT

CINEMA MAJESTIC

GIRGAUM.

THE
Bombay Mutual Life
Assurance Society Limited.
(Established 1871)

IT is the oldest indegenous Life Office in India. Being Mutual, there are no Shareholders; therefore all profits go to the Policy Holder

Last Bonus declared at Rs. 18/- per Rs.1,000 per annum on Whole Life Policies.

And at Rs. 15/- per Rs.1,000 per annum on Endowment Policies.

Every Year is a BONUS YEAR.

For Prospectus &c., please write to:—
THE SECRETARY,
Whiteaway Laidlaw Building,
278, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Wanted Influential and Energetic Agents throughout India.

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NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Dec. 12.		
January	20.18	—.12
March	20.22	—.08
May	20.17	—.07
July	19.28	—.17
October	19.36	—.15
Middling Spot	20.50	—.05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Dec. 12.		
January	19.53	—.07
March	19.61	—.07
Middling Spot	19.38	—.08

NEW YORK.

New York, Dec. 12.

New York, 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at Closing Time.)		
January	20.25	
March	20.26	
May	20.22	
New York Noon Call.		
January	20.19	
March	20.21	
May	20.17	
Orleans, 9-30 a.m.		
January	19.60	
March	19.67	
May	19.65	

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Dec. 12.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	66,000 Bales.
Day's Exports to Great Britain	8,000 Bales.
Day's Exports to the Continent	9,000 Bales.

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

London, Dec. 12.

Demand Bills	484.75

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

New Yorw, Dec. 12.

Coffee, Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) Spot	17-7/8

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales	1928-29	1927-28
Receipts to date 12/12/28	6288000	5710000
Receipts Yesterday 12/12/28	66000	40000
Exports to date 12/12/28	4066000	3480000
Stock at Ports 7/12/28	2324000	2583000
Stock at Interior Towns 7/12/28	1224000	1341000
Stock at Liverpool 7/12/28	797000	899000
Visible Supply 7/12/28	5682000	6156000
Quantity in Sight 7/12/28	9551000	9286000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Dec. 12.

	Opening	Closing.	
December		10.46	+.14
January	10.46	10.46	+.14
February		10.46	+.14
March	10.48	10.46	+.13
April		10.46	+.13
May	10.49	10.47	+.12
June		10.43	+.12
July	10.45	10.43	+.12
August		10.35	+.12
September		10.27	+.12
October	10.22	10.19	+.11
November		10.14	+.11
December		10.13	+.12
Middling Spot		10.72	+.19

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, Dec. 12.

Sales at Liverpool	5,000 Bales.
Sales on Speculation	100 Bales.
Sales of East Indian Cotton	50 Bales.

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Dec. 12.

Scinde, Fully Good	7.45	+.20
Scinde, Fine	7.70	+.20
Scinde, Superine	7.95	+.20
Bengal, Good	7.20	+.20
Bengal, Fully Good	7.45	+.20
Bengal, Fine	7.70	+.20
Oomra, Good	7.80	+.20
Oomra, Fully Good	8.10	+.20
Oomra, Fine	8.40	+.20
Broach, Fully Good	8.90	+.20
Broach, Fine	9.15	+.20
Broach, Superfine	9.40	+.20

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Dec. 12.

December	18.71	+.19
January	18.81	+.19
February	18.81	+.19
March	18.93	+.19
April	18.96	+.19
May	19.01	+.17
June	18.96	+.12
July	19.07	+.15
August	19.07	+.15
September	19.07	+.15
October	18.97	+.15
November	18.87	—.02
December	18.87	—.02
Sakellaridis, F.G.F. Spot	19.50	+.30

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Dec. 12.

Cottonseed, Bombay ton. Dec.-Jan. S'ment. Sellers.	£8:13:9
Castorseed, Bombay ton. Dec.-Jan. S'ment. Sellers.	£17:12:6
Paperseed, Toria, ton. Dec.-Jan. S'ment. Nominal.	£19:2:6

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Dec. 12.

Chartared Bank of India A. & C.	£22
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Register)	£140
P. & O. Banking Corporation	£9-1/2
National Bank	£52-3/4
Eastern Bank	£7
Funding Loan 4 p.c.	£89-3/4
Conversion Loan	£78-5/8
Indian Loan 5 1/2 p.c.	£103 1/4
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 p.c.	£54
Indian Stocks 3 p.c. Sterling Loan	£60-1/8
Indian Stocks 3 1/2 p.c. Sterling Loan	£70-1/4
Consols	£56
War Loan 5 p.c.	£102
Victory Bonds 4 p.c.	£94-5/8

LONDON SILVER.

London, Dec. 12.

Silver.—Moderate Business.	
Spot	26-5/16
Forward	26-7/16

LONDON GOLD.

London, Dec. 12.

Bar Gold, Fine, per oz.	£4:4:11-1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Dec. 12.

Interest, Day to Day Loans	3-1/8 p.c.
Interest, 7 Days' Market Loans	3-1/2 p.c.
Bank Bills, 3 months	4-11/32 p.c.
Bank Bills, 6 months	4-7/16 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months	4-3/4 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills, 6 months	5-1/4 p.c.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Dec. 12.

T.T. Berlin on London	20.36-1/2
T.T. Amsterdam on London	12.07-3/4
T.T. Brussels on London	34.80
T.T. Madrid on London	29.97
T.T. Milan on London	92.64
T.T. Berne on London	25.19
T.T. Paris on London	124.16
T.T. London on Prague	163.68

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, Dec. 12.

Rozario Santa Fe. per 63 lb. Cargoes, 42/3 December. S'ment. Sellers.

Barletta Russo. per 63 lb. Cargoes, 43/- Dec.-Jan. S'ment. Sellers.

Wheat, South Australian, Parcels, 47/6 Dec.-Jan. S'ment. Sellers.

Wheat, Choice White Karachi, Parcels, No Offerings

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, Dec. 12.

Java Sugar, Fine White, Dutch Standard No. 25 C. & F. Calcutta.	
Jan.-Mar., per cwt.	12/3
Jun.-Dec., per cwt.	12/4-1/2
C. & F. Bombay.	
Jan.-Mar., per cwt.	12/4-1/4
C. & F. Karachi.	
Jan.-Mar., per cwt.	12/5

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Dec. 12.

Smoked Sheet, Standard, Ribbed, 4lb. Spot	0/8-9/1 Sellers.

LONDON METALS.

London, Dec. 12.

Copper, English Best Selected,	£73-3/8
Copper, Braziers,	£83
Yellow Metal,	£67-1/4
Spelter, Hard Indian Brands,	£21-3/4
Corrugated Sheets, 24 Gauge,	£18-1/2
Tin, English Ingots,	£224-1/4

LINSEED.

London, Dec. 12.

Linseed, Calcutta, ton. £19:12:6 Dec.-Jan. S'ment. Nominal.

Linseed, La Plata C.I.F. ton. £15:8:9 Dec.-Jan. S'ment. Hull. Sellers.

Linseed, Bombay, ton. £19:2:6 Dec.-Jan. S'ment. Quoted.

LINSEED OIL.

London, Dec. 12.

Linseed Oil, Naked, London cwt. 28/ 2-1/2 Jan.-April: Delivery. Sellers.

Linseed Oil, Naked, London cwt. 28/ 6 May.-Aug. Delivery. Sellers.

AMERICAN COTTON STATISTICS.

(Compiled in 1000's.)

Week ending 8th December, 1928.

Brought into Sight—This week 691, this season 9,551, last season 9,286.

Receipts at U. S. Ports—This week 430. this season 6,003, last season 5,563.

Exports from America:—

To Great Britain—This week 73, this season 824, last season 484.

To Continent—This week 182, this season 2,267, last season 2,325.

To Japan, Canada, etc.—This week 55, this season 784, last season 593.

Total—This week 310, this season 3,875, last season 3,402.

World's Spinners' Takings of American Cotton—This week 510, this season 6,125, last season 6,615.

Deliveries to Spinners:—

Great Britain (all kinds)—This week 69, this season 1,011, last season 1,111.

Visible Supply:—

Stocks at American Ports—This season 2,324, last season 2,585.

Stocks at American Interior Towns—This season 1,224, last season 1,351.

Stocks in Great Britain and Continent—This season 2,134, last season 2,212.

Total—This season 6,682, last season 6,146.

Last week—This season 5,500, last season 6,120.

Difference on week—This season plus 182, last season plus 26.

Stock of cotton in Great Britain (all kinds)—This season 797, last season 968.

Tone of Silver:—Dull. India bought. China sold. Buyers satisfied. Market closed with sellers at to-day's price. India was a buyer at lower rate.

BOMBAY

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

The local market opened at Rs. 365/8 for Broach A/M. delivery but declined to Rs. 364/4 on long liquidation. Liverpool opened quiet at a decline of 4 points and rates at 4 p.m. were as under:—

	Op.	Hi.	Lo.	Close
Broach A/M.	365/8	365/8	364/4	364/8
Oomra D/J.	325/8	325/8	324,	324
Oomra Mar.	330/8	330/8	328/8	329
Bengal D/J.	282/8	282/8	282	282
Bengal Mar.	289/8	289/8	289	289

SEWRI MARKET.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

The forward Market opened for Broach A.-M. delivery at Rs. 365/8 and after improving As. 4/- prices declined on selling by a local operator. Oomra was sold by an Export house. Rates at 6-30 p.m. were as under:—

Broach A.-M.	365	4	0
Oomra D.-J.	324	12	0
Oomra Mar.	330	0	0
Bengal D.-J.	282	8	0
Bengal Mar.	290	0	0

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

Dec.	245.00 plus 0.10
Mar.	236.40 plus 1.30
June	235.00 plus 1.10

DAILY ROOM RATES.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

Bengal D. J.	283
Bengal March	290
Broach A M	365
Oomra D. J.	325
Oomra March	330

SPOT RATES.

Bengal	296	291	283	276
Sind	298	293	285	278
Punjab	293	288	280	273
Rajputana	296	291	283	276
Oomha No.	338	333	327	317
C. P. No 1	356	351	345	335
C. P. No 2	347	342	336	326

READY COTTON SALES.

100	Colaba Land Mill	Khandwa 330
100	E Spinner & Co	Shenabad 332
100	Do	Verabal 303
100	Patel Cotton & Co	Berar 245
100	E D Sassoon & Co	Kapasin 230
100	Etal India	Malkapur 307
100	Langli Co.	Broach 335½
100	Moon Mill	Parbhani 314
100	M Jethabhai	Shegaon 311
100	Rathi & Co.	Ranala 245
100	Do	Akola 310
100	Jetha Devji	Khandwa 283
100	Chatarbhug Jeram	Khamgaon 320
100	K Devch and & Co	Bijapur 300
100	Rali Bros	Khandesh 310
100	Forbes & Co.	Amraoti 332
100	Do	Akot 330
100	Volkart Bros	Bengal 295

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

	Ready New	Ready Old
Bengal Superfine	310	....
Bengal Fine	305	....
Bengal F.G.	295	....
Sind-Punjab Fine	305	....
Sind-Punjab F.G.	295	....
Wardha-Hingt. Fine	335	310
Nagpur Fine	335	310
Yeotmal Fine	330	305
Arvi Fine	330	305
Amraoti Fine	315	285
Khamgaon-Akola Fine	305	280
Mulkapur Fine	300	275
Khandesh Fine	....	255|65
Muthia Fine	....	....
Muthia F.G.	....	....
Nanded|Purna F.G.G.S.	....	275|85
Purna F.G.G.S.	....	265
Parbhani|Sajlu F.G.G.S.	....	265|70
Indore|Ujjain Fine	....	265
Burwah Sanavad Fine	....	270
Surat Fine	....	....
Broach Fine	....	....
Broach F.G.	....	....
Westerns M.G.	....	325
Cambodia	....	385
Miraj|Sangli	....	375|80
Compta Good	....	355|65
Jinjy	....	555

INDIA COTTON FIGURES

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

In full-pressed Bales	Since 1st September. Yesterday	This year.	Last year
Khandesh	4,922	39,807	47,324
Central India	1,384	21,684	20,107
Barsi & Nagar	1,292	25,964	36,381
Hyderabad-Gaorani	592	7,853	11,187
Berar	13,584	163,473	146,913
Central Provinces	5,323	71,621	47,612
Total Oomras	27,097	330,402	309,522
Dholera	353	6,969	18,399
N.-W. Provinces	1,046	43,671	51,503
Rajputana	242	3,185	8,765
Sind-Punjab	202	7,235	26,396
Broach		2,959	2,567
Coompta & Dharwar	110	5,937	2,440
Westerns-Northerns	84	4,763	2,943
Cocanada		1	
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		2,590	6,207

COTTON STRADDLES

BOMBAY—LIVERPOOL PARITY

Many of our readers are enquiring how to calculate parity of prices between Bombay and Liverpool. The local market being narrow and owing to defective methods of trading, prices of Indian cotton are ruling considerably out of parity at times and advantage is taken by operators. With a view to understand the correct situation of various changes of parity, we give below a concrete example:—

Liverpool May closed 10.47 on the 12th instant and it is due to open 2 points lower on the 13th instant. On this expectation Broach A.-M. delivery is quoted Rs. 364 per candy.

May Closing	10.47
Expected Opening	10.45

Liverpool price to be multiplied by 784 lbs. containing in one candy.

1045 multiply 784 equal to 8192.80.

The product to be divided by the ruling exchange rate on London. To-day's rate 1s. 6-1|32d.

1.6-1|32 equal to 18-1|32 equal to 18.03.

8192.80 divided by 18.03, the result is Rs. 454-8 per candy. Deduct the ruling rate of Rs. 364 in Bombay on the 13th instant:—

454|8 less 364 equal to Rs. 90|8.

The difference between Bombay and Liverpool is Rs. 90-8 per candy against Rs. 97-8 on the 30th November.

PRIVATE CABLES.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cables from New York dated the 12th instant:—

January Highest 20.38 (10-32 a.m.).

January Lowest 20.17 (1.16 p.m.).

Heavy long liquidation well taken.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable from Liverpool dated the 12th instant:—

Continent buying, long liquidation, hedge selling.

Messrs. Langley and Co. have received the following cable from Liverpool dated the 12th instant:—

Garside estimate November consumption 624,000 bales. Hedging light and think ultimately price will go still higher, but further advance this month depends on continuation outside speculation buying. This quite likely as Wall Street more interested in cotton and Continent buying.

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following telegrams from Liverpool friends dated 12th December, 1928:—

Messrs. J. H. Springman and Co.:—

"Undertone of the market steady."

"Looks as if the market would do better."

Messrs. Hornby Hemelryk and Co.:—

"South selling, bulls taking profits."

"Trade buying on decline."

Munds and Winslow:—"Favour purchase of May 19.90 cents. Expect gradual higher market."

From New York:—"Government weather report considered unfavourable. Bearish crop estimate induced heavy liquidation, but market shows good rallying power. Market is in a healthy condition and expect the general tendency to be upward and would prefer operating on the bull side."

Reuter:—"Market was easier on absence of any important buying and also by Western and Southern selling."

Messrs. Thomas Smith and Co.'s report:—

Garside estimates consumption for November 6,24,000 bales against their previous estimate of October 6,15,000 bales.

The Official Report for October U. S. A. Mills consumption was 6,19,000 bales.

BULLION MARKET

(The Bombay Bullion Brokers Association, Limited).

SILVER.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

London Ready	26/5.
London Forward	26/6.
America Cent.	57/7.
China op. 2/7/6 cl. 2/7/6	
Ready	59/9.

	Op.	Hi.	Lo.	6 p.m.
Mangsor	59/5	59/9	59/5	59/8
Tejimundi	/8/			
Paush	59/8	59/12	59/8	59/11
Tejimundi	/15/			

GOLD.

Ready	21/4/9
Mangsor	21/5/0
Poush	21/5/3
National City	21/7/3
N. Manordass	21/6/6
N. Motilal	21/4/9

Persian		124	2,821
American		1,228	18,590
Egyptian and African	156	14,568	6,438
Comilla, Burma and other sorts			4
Total	23,290	423,641	456,595

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

In full-pressed Bales	1st Sept. to 6th Dec. Yesterday	This year	Last year
Europe	6,522	178,407	102,260
Japan & China	3,800	292,378	79,834
Coast Ports		5,468	6,541
Up-country by Rail		33,262	23,931
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		37,951	11,628
Total	10,322	547,466	224,194

STOCKS AND SHARES

Better Feeling in Mill Shares

ALCOCK REGISTERS RISE OF RS.10

Bombay, Dec. 13

Better reports regarding Labour trouble caused a good feeling and mill shares opened steady at a rise ranging from Rs. 2/8 to Rs. 6/4. The opening rise was carried further on bull support in the absence of selling pressure. However, there was some profit-taking sales at the advance and a portion of the rise was lost by the close. The selling was influenced by unfounded reports of renewal of labour trouble but the closing tone was firm.

Tata Iron and Steel shares opened steady and improved somewhat but later on declined in the absence of enquiry on scattered selling. There was good demand for Alcock shares to-day. Bombay Burmahs were steady. Tata Hydros ruled quiet but steady. Cement group displayed steadiness with a small turnover of business. There was absence of selling in Scindia shares.

Madras United opened at Rs. 460 and closed at Rs. 462/8. Imperial Bank shares opened at Rs. 1455 and improved Rs. 5. New Issues opened at Rs. 360 and closed easy at Rs. 358/12. Union Bank opened at Rs. 3/12/6 and closed steady at Rs. 3-13. Andhra Ordinary improved to Rs. 610. New India Ince. opened steady at Rs. 23-10 but declined to Rs. 23/4. Scindia after opening at Rs. 11/12 improved to Rs. 11/13. Kemp & Co. shares were done at Rs. 201/4. Tata Oils improved to Rs. 26/12. Bombay Telephone opened at Rs. 56 and advanced to Rs. 56/8. B. B. Petrol were steady and closed at Rs. 4/15. Indian Bleaching opened at Rs. 238/12 and closed at Rs. 240.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

(DIVIDEND LAST HALF YEAR).

Ahmedabad Advance (100) Rs. 36|/4.

Apollo. (50) nil, 5/8.

Berar Mills (200) 0, 160.

Bombay Dyeing (20), 3, 877/8.

Bombay Cotton (500) nil, 225.

Central India O. (Nagpur) (100) 13 506/4.

Central India P (Nagpur) (500) 12-8, 482/8.

Century (100) (yr. 6) 413/12.

Crescent (100) Rs. 140.

Colaba Land (100) (yr. 6), 148/2.

Dawn (250) 35, 550.

David (500) 260.

E. D. Sassoon United (Rs. 10 Pd. up) Rs. 0-9-6

Edward Sassoon (200) nil, 93-12.

Elphinstone (100) nil, 9-4.

Fazulbhoy (160) (yr. 13-12) 793/12.

Finlay (100) O. 117/8.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Dec. 13

Bombay Dyeing 875, 77, 79, 77.

Century 412, 16, 13.

Colaba 148, 49, 48-2.

Crescent 141, 40.

Fazul 792, 96, 93.

Indore 385, 86, 85. 86.

Madhowji 60.

Nagpur 506, 7, 6.

New Great 243, 45, 43, 41-14

Pearl 506, 8, 11, 8.

Simplex 85, 88.

Swadeshi 463, 65, 66, 65.

Burma 847, 48, 47, 45.

Hydro 1166, 67, 68, 67.

Tram 149-6.

Deff. 292, 95, 92, 90, 91.

Ord. 80-12, 81, 80-12, 4, 79-12, 80.

Bundi 21-4, 6, 4.

Indian 366, 68, 67.

Katni Ord. 258, 261-14.

Alcock 347, 50, 51, 56, 53, 52, 53-2.

Framji Petit (1,000) 325.

Globe (100) 19.

Gokak Mills (100) Rs. 2-1/2 118/12

Indore Malwa (100) 13-1/4 386/4

Indian Dyeing and Bleaching (100) 11 225.

Jamshed Manufacturing (250) 37-1|2.

Kasturchand (50) 15/12.

Kohinoor (100) 13-1/2 215/10.

Laxmi Cotton (20) 765 xd. 1525.

Madhowji Dharamsey (180) nil 60.

Madhowji Dharamsey (180 nil 40

Morarji Goculdas (1000) 60 1350.

Minerva (90) 85.

Mysore (50) 28 p.c. 168/12

Meyer Sassoon (190) 73-12.

Morarji Goculdas (1000) 60, 1350.

New Great Mills (100) (O) 241-14.

Pabaney Mills (250) (10) 7-1/2 225.

New City Mills (100) 7-1/2, 80

Pearl Mills (250) 508/12.

Phoenix (100) (yr. 25) 362/8

Sassoon Silk (50) 5-1|2 53.

Simplex (250) 86/4.

Sholapur (100) 3255, 6000

Sir Broacha Mills (100) 15.

Swadeshi Mills (100) 15 xd. 465.

Swar Mills (100) O. 116-4.

Tata Mills (500) 55.

Vishnu Cotton O. (500) Rs. 90, 2,425.

Vishnu Cotton P. (500) 7 p.c. 857-1/8.

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock Ashdown (100) Rs. nil 353/2.

Back Bay Baths (250) Rs..... 40 nom.

Belapur Co. (75 Pd.) 24.

B. Burma T. Corporation (125) 10, 845.

Burma T Corporation (50 Pd. up) 301/4.

Bombay Steam Co. (250) xd. 261-4.

Bombay Uganda (100-80 P.) 30.

British Burma Petroleum (6) Ans. 4. 4/14/6

Century Flour Mills (100) 110

Empire of India Life (500-125 Pd.) 48 p.c. 2050

Indian Flour Mills (60) 110.

Jost Engineering (50) 30 p.c. 180.

Jupiter Assurance (100) 12 Pd. 11-14

Kemp (200) Rs. 15, 192-1|2.

McKenzie (100) 25, 280.

Indian Mercantile Assurance (20 Pd. up) 30.

New Indian Assurance (125-15 Pd. up) Re. 1 xd. 23-4.

Vulcan Assurance (100-10 Pd.) Ans. 8, Rs. 7|12.

Oriental Govt. Securities Life Assurance xd. (100-15c Pd.) 30 p.c. 2125.

Port Canning (1,000) Rs. 45, 682|8.

Scindia Steam (15) Rs. 11/13.

Tata Iron Divi. (30) 291-4.

Tata Iron Defd. (O) (95) xd. 80.

Tata Iron (O) Rs. 80

Tata Iron (O) Rs. 80

Telephone Co. Ord. (50) Rs. 56/8.

Telephone Co. (Deb.) (50) 59

Tata Oil (100) 32.

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Bundi Cement (10) Rs. 1/4, 21/4

Central India Mining (10) 12.

Gwalior Cement (100) 121/4.

Indian Cement O. (250) 367/8.

Katni Cement O. (250) D. O. (100) 261/14.

Punjab Cement (10) 15

United Cement (100) 101.

Shahabad Cement (100) 7 p.c. 170

Shivrajpur (10) 3,26

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Amritsar Pattis (100) 8 p.c. 136.

Ahmedabad Prantej (4500) 14 p.c. 930.

Central Provinces (100) 5-1/2 p.c. 103

Dhond Baramati Rly. (100) 6 p.c. 100

Gujarat (100) 5 p.c. 90.

Hoshiarpur Doab (100) 6 p. c. 97

Larkana (100) 5 p.c. 91.

Mandra Bhon (100-90 Pd.) 5 p.c. 77.

Mymensingh (100) 6 p.c. 99.

Pachora Jammu (100) 5 p.c. 90.

Sara Sirajgang (100) 5-1/4 p.c. 97.

Sialkot Narowal (100) 5 p.c. 102.

Sind Light (100) 12-1/2, 140.

Tapti Valley (500) 8-1/2 p.c. 707/8

Upper Sind (100) 4 p.c. 88/8.

PRESS COMPANIES.

Fort (475) 10, 175.

Harvey and Sabapathy (500) Rs. 100.

Volkart U. P. (500) Rs. 25, 485.

ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.

Ahmedabad Electric (100) 6 p.c. 130.

Andhra Valley O (100) 4 p.c. 610

Andhra Valley P (1000) 7 p.c. 695.

Bombay Tramways O. (50) Rs. 4-8 xd. 149/6.

Bombay Tramways P. (50) 7 p.c. 69.

Karachi Electricity (100) 7-1/2 p.c. 132.

Poona Electricity (100) 7 p.c. 130.

Tata Hydro Elec. (O) (100) 330, 1148/12. 1167/8.

Tata Power P. (1,000) 940 1,140.

Tata Power O. (100) 515.

Tata Hydro P. (1,000) 7 p.c. 1070.

Surat Electric (O.) (100) 5 p.c. 135.

Surat Electric P. (100) 6-1/2 p.c. 104.

Indian Cotton (125) Rs. 17 p.c. 225.

Manmad Manufacturing (250) Rs. 20 240 xd.

New Berar (500) Rs. 70, 900.

New Mofussil (400) 45, Rs 605.

New Prince of Wales (100) Rs. 25 528

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

3-1/2 p.c. Rupee Paper Rs. 72/6/6.

4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931- 36 Rs. 92/14.

4 per cent Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 92-10

4 per cent. Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 84/ 10.

4-1/2 per cent. Bonds due 1934 Rs. 96/14.

4-1/2 per cent. Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 94-2.

5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 99/10.

5 per cent. Loan due 1935 100/6.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 101|2.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945- 55 Rs. 104/8/6.

6 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 101/5.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 102/7.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 103/7.

6-1|2 per cent B'bay Devp. Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 108/8

4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 89/12.

4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 81/14.

4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 81-14.

6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 110/2.

6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49 Rs. 101.

Forward Rates:—18th December Sett. 3 1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper Rs 72/ 6/0, 1945/55 Rs. 104/7/6.

Tone of Market:—Weak.

Let your Body and Brain Be Refreshed

by using

ZANDU'S

Draksha-Asava

Mridvikarishta-Sharangdhar M. Ch 10

A Delicious and Remarkable Remedy

That Acts At Once

Why Remain Fatigued and Depressed? Why not try from to-day?

ZANDU'S

Draksha-Asava

The Well-known Body and Brain Refresher

Avoid Substitutes

ZANDU Pharmaceutical Works Ltd.

Sayani Road - - - BOMBAY 14

Selling Depot: Old Bhatia Mahajanwadi, Kalbadevi - - - - BOMBAY 2

½ lb. As. 13, 1 lb. Rs. 1-8, 1½ lb. Rs. 2

Make Your Money Work for You.

You can secure a neat safe, holding both coins and notes by becoming a SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITOR with us. We retain the key and as often as you bring it to us, the safe is opened and the contents deposited in your name.

The man on a small salary, who can save, but a small amount each month, will find this an admirable plan.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA Ltd.

JVARAKESHARI

FEVER CURE

Re. 1/- Per Phial.

DACCA AYURVEDIA PHARMACY Ltd., DACCA

THE

Bombay Life

ASSURANCE Co., Ltd.,

(Established in India 1908)

It will be worth your while to obtain a copy of the Prospectus of the 'BOMBAY LIFE' before insuring your life elsewhere.

Excellent prospects to Agents

For particulars please write to—

S. B. CARDMASTER, Manager.

73-75, Apollo Street, Bombay.

RAW COTTON SITUATION

PURCHASE ON DECTINES ADVISABLE.

Messrs. P. Chrystal & Co. have issued the following weekly Cotton Market Report dated Bombay 13th inst:—

The important development of the week was the publication last Saturday of the American Bureau's preliminary estimate of this year's crop. The figure of 14,373,000 bales was about 1/4 million more than the average guess. This brought about a further decline which was probably accentuated by the weakness of the Stock market. Since then there was a good reaction on trade buying and practically all the decline has been recovered. The ninth Ginning report was issued at the same time and the figure of 12,562,000 bales ginned prior to 1st December was in line with the crop estimate.

Trade reports from America continue good and there are indications of better conditions in the Lancashire and the Continent. These reports indicate the probability of a satisfactory consumption of American cotton during the season with a reduction in the carryover by the end of the season. This should have the effect of keeping the market steady for the next few months until such time as next year's acreage and crop become factors. In this connection we should like to draw our clients' attention to the rapid manner in which the American farmer has this season parted with his crop. This we believe to indicate that the price to him has been satisfactory. With reasonably good conditions a further increase in acreage next year is therefore probable. This factor, combined with the fact that the total World's production of cotton this season, as estimated by Garside, is about two million bales more than last year, should prevent any appreciable advance in prices. With trade conditions as they are we cannot be barish, but we think it advisable to warn our clients that it might be dangerous to take too bullish a view of the cotton situation. We continue to advise purchases of Americans on declines for moderate profits.

After a week of moderate fluctuations local quotations are about unchanged. The rain in the interior at the end of last week caused damage to quality and perhaps to some extent to quantity in Central India and Khandeish districts. The rain delayed arrivals which reduce the amount of hedge selling in Bombay. The weather is now all clear and the free movement of cotton should now continue. This movement should soon make itself felt in Bombay as export demand is very disappointing. Local Mills are still indifferent buyers and are likely to continue so until there is a better feeling in labour circles. Yesterday's serious disturbance was proof enough that there is little chance of peaceful working conditions for some considerable time. With a prospect of steadily increasing arrivals and prospects of offtake not good enough to prevent an accumulation of stock to a greater extent than last season, we see nothing in the local position to warrant the present bullish sentiment in the Bombay bazaar. We can only advise purchases here on good declines as we are convinced Indian prices must go to an attractively cheap party as compared with Americans before we can be relieved of the weight of our crop.

OILS AND CAKES.

THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

EX GODOWN BOMBAY.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 687/- per ton.

Filtered Mowra Oil Ready Rs. 530/- per ton.

Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 150/- per ton

Mowra Cake Ready Rs. 58/- per ton.

THE SEEDS TRADING ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

Castorseeds May Delivery Opening Rs. 48/10 Highest Rs. 48/12/6 Closing Rs. 48/12

Cottonseeds January Delivery Opening Rs. 4/8/6 Closing Rs. 4/8/9

Cottonseeds May Delivery Opening Rs. 4/11/6 Closing Rs. 4/12

Groundnut Seeds February Delivery Opening Rs. 54/3 Highest Rs. 54/4/6 Lowest Rs. 54/2/6 Closing Rs. 54/4.

LINSEED AND WHEAT.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

Linseed May	10	8	0
Wheat Jany	8	6	0
Wheat May	7	13	6

YARN & CLOTH.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

Yarns:

6-1|2s.	0	8	6
10-1|2s.	0	9	6
12-1|2s.	10	0	0
20-1|2s.	0	11	6
Long cloth	0	15	9

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

The Madket has ruled steady and prices both for Ready and Forward Positions are unchanged around yesterday's closing price-levels.

The following are the closing quotations ruling the bazar to-day:—

Fine White Java Sugar:—

Ready Rs. 13|8-1|2 per cwt.

Transhipment Rs. 8|5 per cwt. F. B. H.

S. S. Pasha Rs. 8|3 per cwt. F. B. H.

Shipment November Rs. 8|3 ver cwt. F. B. H.

Shipment December Rs. 8|3-1|2 per cwt. F. B. H.

Shipment Jan.-March Rs. 8|3-1|2 per cwt. F. B. H.

Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKET.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

B C RATE:—
T T 1/6.
D D 1/6 1/32.

LONDON—
Banks Selling T T 1/6 1/32.
Banks Selling D D 1/6 1/16.
Banks Selling T T 1/6 1/32 Dec.
Banks Selling T T 1/6 1/16 Jan.
Banks Buying T T 1/6 3/32.
Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1/6 11-32 Dec.

NEW YORK:—
B C T T 275.
Bank Selling T T 274-3/4.
Banks Buying T T 273-1|2.
Banks Buying 3 Mos 263 1/2.

PARIS:—
Banks Selling D D 930.
Bank Buying D D 940
Banks Buying 3 Mos 955.

JAPAN:—
Banks Selling T T 126.
Banks, Buying 60 Days 122-1/4

HONGKONG:—
Banks Selling D D 137 1/4.

SHANGHAI:—
Banks Selling D D 175-1/4.

SINGAPORE:—
Banks Selling D D 155

JAVA:—
Banks Selling D D 90-3/4.

CROSS RATE:—
New York/London 4.85 3/16 12th instant.
Shanghai/London 2/7-3/8 13th instant.
London/Japan 1/10-5/8 12th instant.
London/Paris 124.15 12th instant.
London/Belgium 34.885 12th instant.
London/Switzerland 25.18-3/4 12th instant.
London/Italy 92.65 12th instant.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet

Gold:—
Gold 12th inst. £4:4:11-1/2. 11th inst. £4:4:11-1/2.

Silver London Ready 12th inst. 26-5/16 11th inst. 26 5/16.
Silver London Forward 12th instant 26 7/16 11th inst. 26 7/16.
Silver New York Ready 12th inst. 57-1/2, 11th inst. 57-1/2.
London Discounts 3 Mos 12th inst. 4 11/32 p.c., 11th inst. 4 11/32 p.c.
London Discounts 6 Mos 12th inst. 4 7/16 p.c., 11th inst. 4 7/16 p.c.
Imperial Bank Rate 7 p.c. Bank of England Rate 4-1/2 p.c.

Money:—Inter Bank Call 4-1/2 p.c. 3 mos 4-3/4 p.c. 6 mos 4-1/2 p.c. 12 mos 4-1/2 p.c.

Tone:—In Demand.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

3 Months Discounts 4-11|32 per cent.
6 Months Discounts 4 7|16 per cent.
Bank of England rate 4 1|2 per cent.
Money Call 3 3|4 per cent.
One Month 4 per cent.
Three Months 4 1|4 per cent.
Six Months 4 1|2 per cent.
Tone of Money Market.—Steady.
Imperial Bank of India rate 7 per cent.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 13/12/1928.

Barometer (corrected to 32 deg. F.) at 8 a.m. 29.945 inches (.035 below normal).

Barometer corrected at 4 p.m. (previous day) 29.877 inches (.002 above nomal).

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours .081.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 75.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 71.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 90.4 degrees (3.7 above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 74.4 degrees (5.8 above normal).

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 81 per cent.

Relative humidity at 4 p.m. (previous day) 59 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N.E.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 9 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 83 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 19 miles.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy es 10) 1.

Earthquake:— An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin abouth 7,500 miles away was recorded by the Seismographs in the Colaba Observatory at 2 hours 8 minutes this morning (I.S.T.).

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

Wheat	20,833 cwts.
Linseed	2,161 "
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	23 "
Gingellyseeds	3,600 "
Poppyseed	95 "
Groundnuts	30,273 "
Casterseed	1,012 "
Rice	1,893 "
Myrabollams	3,656 "
Cottonseed	14,5.7 "
Gram	4,175 "
Jeowar	1,851 "
Coal	1,515 tons.

It's polite to say "please"

But it's sound sense to say

"SCISSORS"

CIGARETTES

If you want perfection in blending quality and fragrance

W.D.&H.O.WILLS. BRISTOL & LONDON

Made in England

S/56

Mr Davar and his companion at the top of the Andes

The Andes climbed on a RALEIGH

Mr. Davar who is cycling round the world on a Raleigh has successfully climbed the Andes mountains (16,000 ft.) He says his Raleigh splendidly withstood the terrific test.

For reliability, ride a **RALEIGH** THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE

With Dunlop tyres and the best of everything, the Raleigh is the world's best value.

Send for "The Book of the Raleigh."

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GLASS SHEETS

IN ALL SIZES & THICKNESS for

Window panes, pictures, Photographs, Motor Car Mirrors, etc., are manufactured by most up-to-date method by the U. P. GLASS WORKS LTD., BAHJOI, DIST. MORADABAD, the foremost Indian glass factory which has also been manufacturing glass Chimneys, globes, etc., for last twelve years. Quality standard prices moderate orders solicited.

"PROGRESSIVES" FRAID OF PROGRESS!

Throw Out Resolution For Wider Municipal Franchise

INQUIRY INTO HIGH COST OF LIVING

The question of widening the Municipal franchise once again formed the subject of a stereotyped debate at the meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation o nThursday afternoon. A proposition to reduce the rental qualification from Rs. 10 to Rs. 5 was thrown out, mainly by the votes of "Progressives".

Mr. Shivdas C. Thakkar moved the following resolution:—

"That the Corporation are of opinion that time has arrived when Section 11 (2) of the Municipal Act should be so amended as to prescribe a rental of Rs. 5 instead of Rs. 10 for a person to entitle himself to be enrolled in the Municipal election roll as a voter and the President be requested to approach Government with a request that they will be pleased to undertake necessary legislation in the matter."

LAW AND PROCEDURE COMMITTEE.

Dr. R. M. Mistry moved an amendment that the proposition be referred to the Law and Procedure Rules Committee for report.

After some discussion both the proposition and the amendment were thrown out.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee moved:

"That a Committee be appointed to consider the question of the growing costliness of Bombay and to make a representation to the Government of Bombay asking them to appoint an authoritative and fully representative Committee consisting of representatives of the Bombay Municipality, Bombay, Port Trust, the two Chambers of Commerce, the two Railways, and the Shipping Companies with powers to collect the necessary materials and make a comprehensive enquiry into the whole question."

COST OF LIVING GROWING.

Mr. Tairsee quoted chapter and verse to point out that the cost of living in Bombay was steadily growing.

Dr. Vora seconded the proposition.

Dr. Choksy suggested that two representatives of Labour be added to the Committee, which suggestion was gladly accepted by Mr. Tairsee.

Mr. W. H. Neilson, Chairman of the Bombay Port Trust, also supported the proposition.

Mr. Boman-Behram did not object to the appointment of the Committee but he wanted to point out that the prices of food had slowly declined from 186 to 141 between the years 1922 and 1928.

REQUIRED MORE RATE-PAYERS.

Mr. Hussenbhoy A. Laljee was not satisfied with the composition of the Committee suggested by Mr. Tairsee. In his opinion, more representatives of the rate-payers were necessary on the Committee. Four more members were then added to the Committee and the proposition was carried.

LOAN WORKS ETABLISHMENT

STANDING COMMITTEE CONSIDERS BUDGET

A special meeting of the Bombay Municipal Standing Committee was held on Thursday afternoon to consider the Loan Works Establishment Budget for 1929-30 prepared by the Municipal Commissioner. After some discussion the Committee accepted various cuts suggested by Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar as a result of which a total cut of about Rs. 1,13,000 has been effected. It was also decided on the proposal of Mr. Chandavarkar to abolish the posts of Architect and Deputy Engineer, Works, and to recommend to the Corporation that the services of the present incumbents of the two posts be terminated.

CONDITIONS OF MUNICIPAL SKILLED LABOUR

EVIDENCE BEFORE MILL INQUIRY COMMITTEE

On the resumption of its sitting on Thursday, the Mill Inquiry Committee heard evidence of Mr. Gordon Cameron, Deputy Executive Engineer, Bombay Municipality, and Mr. J. E. Sandilands, Executive Health Officer. The witnesses were called at the instance of Labour representatives.

MUNICIPAL SKILLED LABOUR.

Mr. Cameron stated that so far as Municipal skilled labour was concerned the hours of work were more or less the same as those fixed by the G.I.P. and B.B. & C.I. Railways and the Port Trust. The scale of wages was also practically the same. The conditions of employment were laid down in the rules framed by the Municipality. The rules about discipline were of a discretionary character and a right of appeal to the Municipal Commissioner against the operation of any of these rules was left to the labourer. So far there has been no cases wherein wages of a labourer were forfeited. Within the preceding year, special allowance for increased cost of living had been consolidated in the regular wages of a worker.

It was usual, the witness added, to give a month's notice to an employee on the permanent staff of the Municipality before dispensing his services.

Dr. Sandilands explained in brief some of the service rules governing the conduct of scavengers in the employ of the Municipality.

The Committee then examined Mr. V. A. Fernandez, Head of the Textile Department, Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, regarding several technicalities of the Standardisation Scheme.

PRESENT CORPORATION NOT REPRESENTATIVE

SCRAP ALL NOMINATIONS

An earnest appeal to the voters to send only Congress candidates to the Corporation at the next elections was made by several speakers at a meeting held last night at the Jinnah Hall, Congress House.

Mr Jamnadas Mehta who presided said that the municipal election was even more important than many of the political questions. The municipal affairs touched the every-day life of the citizens. In Bombay the problem was complicated by the heterogeneous character of the population, the defective Municipal constitution, and the un-systematic fixation of the wards. The acute housing question could not be solved unless all the interests concerned were genuinely desirous of solving it. There were places extending over several thousands of yards which could house at least a thousand poor families. Then there was the question of taxation. Bombay paid the highest municipal taxation in the world.

SCRAP ALL NOMINATIONS.

The Municipal Act was such that it prevented the will of the people form prevailing in the Corporation. There was the Municipal Commissioner appointed by the Government and on His recommendation, the Minister nominated 16 members on behoif of the Government, this being claimed on the ground that the Government had to guarantee the loans raised by the Corporation. But, said Mr. Jamnadas, if the Corporation failed, the Government would not hepay the loan from their own coffers, but would exact it from the rate-payers themselves. And yet they nominated 16 members who felt bound to support the Commissioner on all questions.

NO CONFIDENCE IN STANDING COMMITTEE.

The Standing Committee was also nominated by a handful of men who were not representative of the Corporation. The result was that the Committee's doings did not command the confidence of the Corporation who regarded it with distrust.

Another factor which had further demoralised the Corporation was the sinister influence exerted on the members by the 16 nominated members who were the creatures of the Minister. It was for this reason that they demanded that the Corporation should be an entirely elected body with no nomination. All nominated men are so much deadweight on the popular interest. An instance of this was the shameful decision of the Corporation on Mr. Nariman's motion for removing the ban on Mahatma Gandhi's portrait in the V. J. Technical School. That was a proof positive that there was something radically wrong in the Corporation.

VAIDYA GOES AT LAST.

It was one of the few good things that the B. P. Congress Committee has dismissed Mr. R. K. Vaidya for voting against Mr. Nariman's motion. If the Committee would keep up such an attitude in future, it would be one of the most popular Congress Committees in the country.

Concluding Mr. Jamnadas asked the voters to be alert and watchful at the next elections and send only the right type of candidates to the Corporation.

ADVANCED CALCUTTA.

Mr. B. G. Horniman said that when he was in Calcuttta many years ago Calcutta Corporation had its chairman and Commissioner appointed by the Government and they envied the position of Bombay with an elected chairman. Bombay was then rightly regarded as Urbs Prima in Indis.

But since then Calcuttta had greatly progressed and had now not only an elected Mayor but also an elected Executive Officer who is responsible to the Corporation. The people of Calcutta had agitated and agitated till they had got a more advanced constitution than Bombay which was on account of the apathy and indifference of its voters had lagged behind.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS

ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.

The S. S. "Rawalpindi" with the English mails due at 6 a.m.

The Native Share and Stock Brokers' Assn., Extraordinary Genl. Meeting, Dalal Street, 12 noon.

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE GYM. SPORTS.

The annual athletic sports of St. Xavier's College Gymkhana will be held to-day (Friday), at 3 p.m. on the Oval Maidan. Hon. Mr. A. M. Kajiji presiding.

PROF. ZAJTI AND ZORASTRIANISM.

Professor Zojjiti of Budapest will meet the members of the Society for Researches into the Zoroastrian Religion to-day (Friday), at 5-45 p.f. (S. T.), at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, Hornby Road, Fort, when he will sveak on the comparison of Hungarian words with those of the Avesta.

S. N. D. T. KANYASHALA.

The Fourth Anniversary of the S. N. D. T. Kanyashala, Bombay, will be celebrated to-day (Friday), at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the People's Jinnah Hall, Girgaum Back Road, Bombay, when Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, President, Bombay Municipal Corporation will preside.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Mails for the Straits Settlements, China and Japan per s.s. "Atipeo" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-0 a.m. on Friday, the 14th inst.

Superscribed unregistered Mails for Italy and Austria per s.s. "Pilsna" will be closed at the General Post Office at 9-0 a.m. on Wednesday, the 19th inst.

BOMBAY ARCHITECTURAL ASSOCIATION.

An ordinary meeting of the Bombay Architectural Association will be held in the Physics Class Room of the Royal Institute of Science to-day (Friday), at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.), when Mr. Muncherji E. Joshi will read a paper on "Housing Problem." The President Mr. H. Foster King, will occupy the chair.

SWAMI SARASVATI'S LECTURE.

Swami Atmanand Sarasvati of the Tapti Bharmchary Ashram will give a public lecture on "The Cause of India's Fall" to-day (Friday), at 6 p.m. (S. T.), under the ausvices of Bombay Jari Association, Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta presiding.

INDIAN SPIRITUALIST SOCITY.

Under the auspices of this Society there will be a public lecture by Mr. V. Gupta, Assist Editor, The "Vekaleshyar Samachar" on Saturday (the 15th inst.), ot 6 p.m., Prof. H. A. Dates' Dumb and Deaf Institute near Thakurdwor opposite Kalaram Mandir, when all are cordially invited to come.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Outward L. & O. Mail Steamer "Morea" with the mails from London of the 6th instant arrived at Port Said at 4 p.m. on the 12th instant and left there at 11 p.m. the same day.

The P. & O. Mail Steamer "Maloja" with the Mails from Bombay of 8th instant arrived at Aden at 4 p.m. on the 12th instant and left there at Midnight the same day.

The Clan Line Steamer "Clan Buchanan" left Liverpool on the morning of the 12th instant.

PUBLIC MEETING OF BOMBAY TENANTS.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Tenants' Welfare Institute, there will be a public meeting to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.), in the Bombay Municipal Corporation Hall, in connection with the Municipal-aided Housing and how to develop the Municipal and Improvement Trust land for preventing extra general tax. Mr. Framji Bilia, Retired Senior Asst. Engineer will ureside; and Mr. J. Mackison, Chief Engineer of the Bombay Municipality, will take part in the debate, soon after the lecture by Mr. Narayan Rao Kulkarni on "advantage of Ownership Housing for middle-class tenants." The meeting is open to all tenants of Bombay and suburbs.

BOMBAY RACES

WINTER MEETING: 3RD DAY

ACCEPTANCES FOR SATURDAY

The following are acceptances for Saturday's races. The first race starts at 2-15 p.m.:—

THE BHULESHWAR PLATE.—(Div. I.)
Distance.—1 mile.
Winner, Rs. 1,500; second, Rs. 500; third, Rs. 250. Terms for Arabs in the Class III.
Roumania 8-10, Madha 8-9, Subrani 8-8, Shogun 8-8, Gentle Prince 8-6, White Gold 8-4, Fureed Pasha 8-3, Morya 8-3, Ahnaf 8-0, Kantaka 7-13, Yuvraj 7-11, Bahraniba 7-8.

THE BHULESHWAR PLATE.—(Div. II).
Distance.—1 mile.
Winner, Rs. 1,500; second, Rs. 500; third, Rs. 250.
Monsoon 9-8, No No Nanette 9-5, Prince Charlie 9-3, Friday 8-10, Sultan Khan 8-10, Sterling 8-10, Sialkot 8-10, Chaldean 8-10, Sarhan II. 8-10, Furdoon 8-8, Safety 8-6, Young Hilal 8-4.

THE EXNING PLATE.—
Distance.—5 furlongs.
Winner, Rs. 3,000; second, Rs. 1,000; third, Rs. 500.
A handicap for Horses in the Class III and IV.
Mahbooli 9-4, Ballina Breeze 9-3, Erosion 6-13, Roguey Poguey 8-13, Metrical 8-10, Newark 8-8, Flintham 8-7, Happy Alliance 7-8, The Fliver 8-7, Sunnyville 8-6, Arran Rose 8-5, Bright Story 8-5, Golden Wattle 8-5, Golden Charm 7-12, Jayanti 7-7, Shanawaz 7-5, Night Watch 7-2.

THE VIHAR PLATE.—(Div. II).
Distance.—6 furlongs.
Winner, Rs. 2,250; second, Rs. 750; third, Rs. 350. A handicap for Arabs in the Classes I and II.
Khalil Beg 9-0, Mahdoor 8-8, Selman 8-12, Ferdinand 8-12, Radha'a 8-10, Amin 8-10, Wood Apple 8-6, Aradin 8-4, Good Gold 8-3, Othello 8-2, Mahfouz 8-2, Fairdoss 8-1, Prince Edward 8-1, Orange Prince 7-11, Mayiah 8-1, Gosub 7-9, Sunnan 7-8.

THE ELLESMERE HANDICAP.—
Distance.—6 furlongs.
Winner, Rs. 4,000; second, Rs. 1,250; third, Rs. 750. A handicap for Horses 3 and 4 years old only in the Classes II. and III.
Bayonne 9-13, Gallant Gael 9-6, Saxpence 7-9, Ballybrophy 9-4, Wrigley's Gum 8-10, Shipshape 8-10, Lakeside 8-7, Arlette 8-6, Sir Tristram 8-6, Rockwork 7-9, Crisdolla 7-8, Newark 7-1, Glendor 7-0, Fionnuala 6-12.

THE X'MAS PLATE.—
Distance.—6 furlongs.
Winner, Rs. 10,000; second, Rs. 3,000; third, Rs. 2,000. A handicap for Horses in the Classes I and II.
Ardley 9-2, Tusculum 9-0, Criticals 9-0, Miss Mount 8-13, Restoration 8-13, Puffin 8-11, Santock 8-9, Wedding Day 8-9, Starboard 8-8, Cul de Sac 7-11.

THE JEVINGTON PLATE.—
Distance.—7 furlongs.
Winner, Rs. 6,000; second, Rs. 2,000; third, Rs. 1,000. A handicap for Horses in the Classes II and III.
Burgos 9-11, Ismet 9-4, Thaxted 9-2, Birdwood 9-1, Nydia 8-12, Four Square 8-10, Sir Tristram 8-8, The Sloat 8-8, Lucky Man 8-1, Golden Sunspot 8-0, Sunnymova 6-12, Gamyros 7-13, Penetrate 7-12, Silver Charm 7-12, Italian Poet 7-5.

THE VIHAR PLATE.—(Div. I.)
Distance:—6 furlongs.
Winner, Rs. 4,500; second, Rs. 1,500; third, Rs. 750. A handicap for Arabs in the Classes I and II.
Rubdan 9-6, Ghazuwan 9-4, Robert 9-1, Zeebar 9-1, Ballard 8-0, Sheema 8-13, Avar 8-11, Gog 8-3, Shamsazzaman 8-2, Sarsam 8-0, Jalmood 7-12, Telafar 7-12, Amar 7-11, Some Surprise 7-10, Amij 7-9, Red Prince 7-7, Mashalla 7-7, Khataf 7-5, Diamond 7-4, Sabiq 7-4, Kanze 7-4, Hashash 7-0.

INDIAN NATIONAL SOCIAL CONFERENCE

The following is the Programme of the Indian National Social Conference which holds its Forty-first Session, at Deshbandhu Nagar, Calcutta:—

Tuesday (25th December), Open Session at 2 p.m. and Subjects Committee at 6 p.m.
Wednesday (26th December): Open Session at 8 a.m. Delegates to the conference are requested to inform the Secretary, Reception Committee, 15, College Square, Calcutta regarding their time of arrival at Calcutta and also whether accommodation is required by them. Names of delegates are to be sent to the office on or before 15th December next.

Madras, Dec. 13.—The Maharaja of Travancore and party left by special train last night for Calcutta, on a tour of Northern India.—A.P.

Under the Clock

(BY TWINPLEX.)

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1928.

The Congress President is proposed to be led in procession in a carriage drawn by 34 horses! Is it pomp or prestige or superstition that is behind this piece of extravaganza?

* * * *

The Reception Committee must have strange notions of making the Congress a splendid success. But why make a scape-goat of a simple plain Pandit? One only hopes the Committee will not heap jewels on the Pandit's body.

* * * *

At the Quadrangular tournament every day, the lunch was followed by the players' collapse. A food expert, who need not be a Prohibitionist, may usefully investigate the problem.

* * * *

There was no betting at the Quadrangular. Did its absence make the play less keen or interesting than a horse-race?

* * * *

If I could own a cow I could feed her at your expense. I have only to pitch myself before a temple with the cow and some grass. The devout visitor buys the grass from me and feeds my cow. It all ends well. I make my profit over the grass, the cow is fed well without my paying for it, and her benefactors feel happy at having earned some "punya" or merit.

* * * *

A startling exposure, of the subterranean strategy of the sleuth-hounds of the U.P., is made by Mahatmaji by publishing the letter he received from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru—the hero of the Lucknow incident. The startling revelation, about which there cannot be a shadow of doubt, coming, as it does, straight from the pen of the victim of the *Lathi* Raj in U.P. himself, ought to make the heads of the C.I.D. officials hang down in shame—if at all they have the "heads"!

* * * *

After Pandit Jawaharlal had calmly received the blows of the *Danda* Fauj, like a true non-violent Satyagrahi, a C.I.D. hireling generously offered him the use of two revolvers which he rightly and probably with profuse thanks declined. Jawaharlal has really proved himself to be the "Jawhar" (ornament) of India!

* * * *

This naturally comes in for slashing criticism from the pen of Mahatmaji who condemning the lying in the C. I. D., which "is cultiveted as a fine art," says this art was at its best in those dark days of the Great War. If you want to know how far human depravity could sink to achieve the objects in view, even by the greatest of Powers, read Ponsonby's "Falsehood in War Time."

* * * *

"Beware of the Greeks specially when they bring you gifts," so says Mahatmaji trenchantly. Putting this in practice if all Indians refused to be tempted by the White Brahmins' (or their hirelings') blessings of jingling rupees, all would be well. Is this possible? Looking to the mentality of our modern Israelites selling their birthright for a mess of pottage, this seems to be impossible! Alas—and—yes, I am a bit of a pessimist!

* * * *

The "Times of India" has a very grim sense of humour. (In fact, the majority of Mrs. Grumpys have this noble trait!) Describing the havoc wrought by that wonderful Parsi left-hander (bowler) Jamshedji in the last day's play of the Quadrangular finals it says: "Behrend was next in, and he was hemmed in by the fieldsmen who were almost *sitting on his bat*"!

* * * *

Did the fieldsmen really sit on the Calcutta player's bat (or was it his nose?) if so, it is a wonder Dolly Kapadia did not take objection this time, as in the case of Prince Duleepsinghji in the first round of the tournament! The "flies" on his bat, however, like flies on one's nose, worried him immensely and he could do nothing further than remain not-out by putting up only 2 runs. The Parsis really proved "flies" in Behrend's ointment who came to Bombay for victory from a far-off City like Calcutta. Next year Behrend is advised to bring a fly-paper here, and use it as the "Times" advises him.

* * * *

"Do you believe there is such a thing as honour among thieves?" "Certainly not. They are just as bad as other people."

Latest Cotton News.

New York Futures 17 pts. Up

(FROM OUR COTTON COMMISSIONER)

NEW YORK

New York, Dec. 13.

The New York futures market opened at a rise of 3 points on parity with Liverpool quotations, but declined 4 points under previous closing on long liquidation. There was steady support and prices recovered to 3 points. Quotations at noon were unchanged to 1 point lower. In the afternoon the market displayed considerable strength and and prices assumed a hardening tendency. There was bull support and trade buying resulted in a rise of 17 points at the close.

Range fluctuations in January delivery were: Opening 20.21—22.14—20.17—20.18—20.17 and closed 20.35.

I see no reason to change my bullish opinion. Expect further improvement of prices in the near future.

LIVERPOOL

Liverpool, Dec. 13.

In sympathy with the over-night easier New York closing, the Liverpool futures market opened to-day at a decline of 4 points. There was absence of selling pressure and prices recovered 3 points under local buying and trade fixing call sales. During the afternoon prices ruled easy on long liquidation influenced by easier New York advices. The market closed at about the lowest level at a decline of 6 points.

Price fluctuations in January delivery were: Opening 10.42—10.45—10.41—10.43—10.42 and closed: 10.40

PRIVATE CABLES.

"Liverpool market declined on long liquidation."

BOMBAY MARKET

Bombay, Dec. 13.
(11 p.m.)

The local market ruled quiet but steady at night and prices for Broach April/May delivery fluctuated between Rs. 364/8/0 and Rs. 365/12/0. The closing rate at 11 p.m. was Rs. 364/12/0.

LATEST COTTON QUOTATIONS

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service).

NEW YORK.

JANUARY.

	Dec. 13.
Previous Closing Rate	20.18
To-day's Opening Rate	20.21
Difference	plus .03
To-day's Closing Rate	20.35
Difference	plus .17

LIVERPOOL.

	Dec. 13.
Previous Closing Rate	10.46
To-day's Opening Rate	10.42
Difference	—.04
To-day's Closing Rate	10.45
Difference	—.01

Broach Expectation Rs. 368 8 0

LONDON SILVER MARKET

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

	London, Dec. 13.
Silver Ready	26 4 0
Lower	0 1 0
Silver Forward	26 5 0
Lower	0 2 0

Tone of Market:—Quiet.

BOMBAY PRICES:

	Bombay, Dec. 13.
1st Settlement	59 6 0
2nd Settlement	59 9 0

Awarded
Gold Medals
in 1912.

Mohanlal & Co.
JEWELLERS.

Telephone No. 21795,
Ghia Mansion,
Shaik Memon St., BOMBAY

NAGINDAS & MANEKLAL
INCOME TAX &
SUPER TAX EXPERTS
6, Shukhadwalla Building,
REVELIN STREET,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 22,560.

The Bombay Chronicle.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1928.

CONFESSION OF DEFEAT.

That there is no genuine desire on the part of any considerable section of the British people willingly to relinquish the stranglehold on India is becoming increasingly clear even to the most moderate of Indians. We have ourselves never subscribed to the view that when the Government of India Bill was placed on the Statute-Book, the British politicians, even in their most generous mood, contemplated that "the process of progressive realisation of self-government in India" would be completed within a century or two; Lord Rawlinson's scheme of Indianising the Army is one of the most eloquent proofs of this. There was no doubt in their mind that if they could help it they would delay the completion of the process as long as possible. The British were never more truly described than when Napoleon summed up their best and worst qualities as those of a nation of shop-keepers. India has been, and continues to be, to the British what the American would call a sound business proposition—with this difference that the profit goes mainly to one party. Britain has profited by her political and economic domination of India in a way no single country in history has profited by the exploitation of another. And the appetite has grown by what it has fed on. Yet few Britishers are intellectually honest enough, like the present Home Secretary of Mr. Baldwin's Government, frankly to confess that India's subjection is necessary for the prosperity of Britain. In a world where "Might is Right" is still the the governing principle of nations' conduct towards one another such a confession would not be surprising. But the majority of Britishers are wont to cloak their tenacious desire to hold India under the hypocritical pretence of "trusteeship" of her "teeming millions" in a manner which makes every decent-minded person wonder which to condemn more—than arrogant claim to teach India a lesson in self-government or their amazing effrontery which seeks to mislead the world. But whoever else they may fool as regards the truth of their "mission" in India, they can no longer fool her own people. And they have begun to realise this to their dismay. They have begun to realise, too, that they cannot for long continue to hold India without her consent merely with armed Might. Therefore, the stage is being set for a fight on a different footing altogether in order to maintain their power and privileges.

We do not refer, of course, to the renewed attempt to stifle the next "instalment" of reforms at its birth and Sir Malcolm Hailey's visit to England in that behalf. That is not surprising. The real fight is to be waged on two main fronts—the economic and what we may, for lack of better word, call the mental front. The fight on the economic front is, however, not a new one; it has been going on ever since the days of the East India Company. Only it is now going to be renewed with ten-fold vigour. The Free Press cable which we published on Tuesday refers to the "concerted action on the part of vested interests in banking, shipping and insurance to take effective steps to repress the growth of Indian indigenous enterprise in these three spheres of commercial activity." It has revealed a danger against which we cannot guard ourselves too carefully. For the economic domination of India is not less harmful to her people than political domination. In fact, it is the purpose of the latter. But for the present we are concerned with the fight on the other front —the mental front. It will be carried on with the object of comquering or rather poisoning the mind of the people and it will be much more insidious than economic domination because it will make Indians themselves the instruments for paralysing their collective efforts towards freedom. If modern civilisation has produced any effective substitute for gun-powder, it is Propaganda and there is no more effective instrument of Propaganda than the Press. And Propaganda is worse than gunpowder; for, while the latter only kills the body the former kills the soul. The New War against Indian Freedom is, therefore, going to be a War of Propaganda waged through the Press. The "Leader" of Allahabad has inconveniently for the New War Lords exposed their plans prematurely. But the exposure will not, we may be sure, prevent the plans being put into execution. The plans have nothing original about them. They follow the familiar [illegible] America. A syndicated dope Press is to be established in India in order to hoodwink her people and reconcile them to British mastery masquerading under the garb of Indian self-government. A movement is on foot sponsored by high-placed men to quote the "Leader," to establish a powerful syndicated Press in the country, with the object of crushing the Nationalist organs, promoting the purposes of British Imperialism and safeguarding the interests of the alien capitalists and bureaucracy. The "Leader" continues:—"It will be provided with a capital of about Rs. 40 lakhs. The question has already been discussed with some big European businessmen and Indian landed magnates who are noted for their loyalism and reactionaryism. We understand that the plan is to acquire control of some of the existing papers in various parts of the country ano to utilize them for carrying on a subtle reactionary propaganda. The organs owned or controlled by this syndicate will worm themselves into the confidence of the people by posing as their friends, indulging in vigorous criticisms of heads and members of Government and creating an impression that they are following an independent policy. But they will support the Government in all matters having a vital bearing on the maintenance of the existing centre of authority. On questions of law and order and financial and military policy and other matters which affect the essence of power they will be on the side of Government." With the enormous financial resources at their back the newspapers conducted by this syndicate will certainly be from the technical point of view as nearly perfect and attractive as money and talent can make them and to the Indian readers, whose patriotism as revealed by their unthinking patronage of the existing Anglo-Indian Press, is not proof against seductive charms, they will make an irresistible appeal.

That the movement for a syndicated Press should have been started is a two-fold tribute—a tribute at once to the growing strength of India's struggle for freedom and the no less increasing power of the Nationalist Press and as such tribute we welcome it as the last desperate gamble of those who having enjoyed illegitimate power are reluctant to hand it over to those who will soon grasp it as surely as night follows day. The Nationalist Press has not only survived the Press Act and prosecutions without number but its strength has grown from more to more and if there is one single instrument of India's struggle for freedom which the bureaucracy and vested interests dread more than any other it is this Press and it is not surprising that this most formidable attack is sought to be made against it. We are confident that the Nationalist Press will soon survive this attack. The danger, therefore, is not to the Press so much as to the country and its cause. For, the Indian public's amazingly generous treatment of the Anglo-Indian Press induces the fear that a large section of it may succumb to its charms because, with its unlimited resources, it will provide features to interest every section of readers. In no other country has a Press controlled and conducted by its own sons been so woefully neglected as the Nationalist Press in India has been by Indians. And no section of the Indian people has been more apathetic towards it than the rich mercantile and industrial class which looks to it in times of its own need for support against foreign vested interests. When their interests are threatened the Indian businessmen and industrialists will not hesitate to exploit the Nationalist Press for their protection. But when it is a question of subscribing to papers or distributing advertisements it is the Anglo-Indian Press which is more often patronised than the Nationalist Press; for, forsooth, business must not be mixed with politics! They as well as the public do not realise the important role which the Nationalist Press plays in winning political freedom which will react to their own ultimate profit. But there are welcome signs that the patriotic sense of the people is sufficiently roused to bring home to them the fact that freedom cannot be won by half measures. It can only be won by drastic removal of all obstacles. The Anglo-Indian Press is not the least formidable obstacle to the country's freedom. In fact in no other country in the world would the people willingly encourage a Press which day in and day out misrepresents them, vilifies their respected leaders, seeks to set one section of the people against another, does its worst to delay the day of freedom and, most humiliating of all, is allowed to tell them that they are unfit to manage their own affairs. If we are in earnest in our determination to be free this unpatriotic help to the Anglo-Indian Press must cease. Indians must make up their mind that they will support no paper but that which stands for complete freedom of India not in a remote future but now and immediately. We say so not from any motive of trade rivalry. There is no Nationalist paper, we venture to say, that has been started for mere profit. They have, most of them been started by men who have had no other aim in view than that of serving the cause of national freedom and who have made heavy financial sacrifices in order to maintain them and such men will continue to make these sacrifices even if the present public patronage of the Anglo-Indian Press continues. The point is that those who patronize the Anglo-Indian Press are undermining the national effort towards freedom. The Anglo-Indian Press has been making a frontal attack against the Army of Swaraj. The Syndicated Press will join in that war by making a flank attack. The question is: Will there be Indians so unpatriotic as to lend a helping hand in this two-fold attack? Their duty, if they are sincere in their desire to be free, is clear. They must rally to the support of the Nationalist Press. especially at a time when the enemies of India's freedom are almost confessing defeat through their last desperate efforts For, in supporting it they will be in reality supporting themselves; for not only will the Indian Press give them better and more attractive service in every department of news but will also become a more potent political weapon to wrest freedom from unwilling hands. One word more. The "Leader" in exposing the plans of the new Syndicate asked if Lords Irwin and Burnham and Sir Victor Sassoon and the Maharaja of Darbhanga knew anything of this sinister movement. A week has passed since this question was asked and no contradiction has been forthcoming from any of the four distinguished individuals mentioned. The names of Lords Irwin and Burnham we may leave aside. The Maharaja of Darbhanga has been reported to be lying seriously ill. But why has Sir Victor Sassoon kept his own counsel? That the object of the syndicated Press is a sinister one there can be no doubt. Has, then, Sir Victor Sassoon definitely decided to cast his lot with those who are the enemies of India's freedom? The wealth that he has inherited and made is derived from India. Does he realise what the reaction of his alleged active association with a movement hostile to Indian freedom will be on those who have helped to build the enormous fortune of which he is now the fortunate possessor? We hope he will reflect and answer.

THE VOICE OF REVOLT.

If India were free, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru would have gone to Poona as a Minister to address the Youth of this Presidency. As things are, he goes thither as a political suspect, probably with the scars left by police lathi blows fresh on his body. But the ways of Providence are inscrutable and those very scars, symbolising the unseen scars of millions about us, may appeal to the Youths as eloquently as the Pandit's stirring address. The address breathes a lofty idealism which cannot fail to grip the hearts of the young and the old alike. There is little in it to which the most practical amongst us can take serious exception. One cannot help admiring the restraint with which he gives expression to his poignant feelings at the untold miseries and injustices to which millions in India are subject. We commend the speech most cordially to the Youth of the country.

The speech is an earnest appeal for a speedy and radical reconstruction, or, as Pandit Jawaharlal prefers to call it, a revolutionary change in our present political and social conditions, eliminating the domination of one nation over another or of man over man and replacing competition by co-operation. But he recognises that our immediate problem is to gain political freedom for the country. He points out that without freedom there cannot be true Law and Order and aptly quotes Proudhon who said: "Liberty is not the daughter but the mother of Order." But how is freedom to be won? The Pandit answers: "The voice that claims freedom must be the voice of revolt, the dull and threatening roar from a hundred thousand and a million throats, not the sweetly modulated tones of an accomplished debator. When that voice is raised, England, as she has always done in the past, will bow to the inevitable." But "the voice of the masses will only be raised if you put before them an ideal and a programme which affects them and improves their economic condition." The ideal is clearly stated; few will take exception to complete independence as an ideal. But we sorely miss in the speech the programme, which is but hinted at. We trust the resolutions of the Conference will fill the gap and will give a clear, bold and wise lead to the Youth of the Presidency. The young, it is no exaggeration to say, are the salt of the land, it is their instinct to act and to act for a noble purpose. If that instinct is not kept alive and properly guided, then the [illegible] will have really lost the [illegible]

RE-AWAKENED INTEREST IN ART

GUJARATI HINDU WOMEN'S ARTS AND CRAFTS

(BY OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE).

The Arts and Crafts Exhibition now open at Madhav Bag is, evidently, an enterprise, not less educative than informative. The three main divisions in the exhibition, the section assigned to educational institutions, one reserved for the ancient arts and crafts and, finally, the sections allotted to individual exhibitors all display the keen desire for an outlook distinctly artistic. The purpose, and consequently the collection and arrangement, of the exhibition as the basis for a survey of the present art tendencies and activities amongst Gujarati Hindu women have been carried out with care and skill. There are, of course, exhibits of indifferent artistic value. And, there are articles it would be foolish to describe as artistic. The amount of indifferent work, for example, in the sections assigned to "thread work," the piles of photo-frames, and the huge number of so-called "fancy" work stagger, indeed, the mind of the discriminating visitor. And, the impression that a tremendous waste of energy and of appreciable talents is involved in the "fancy" work is irresistible.

AN OBJECT LESSON.

A glimpse at the section reserved for the ancient arts and crafts should provide the instructive contrast The deep-rooted sense for the harmony of colour, the feeling for vigorous pattern, the skill in the cut and display of material revealed in the examples of saris, skirts, cholis, zabbias, caps, saris-borders, and the rare examples of cali co prints in the old section are an object-lesson for those responsible for instruction in art offered at the various schools for girls. For, it is at these and similar educational institutions that they first pick up their ideas in "fancy" work.

LIFE AND ENVIRONMENT.

The four stalls marked for these institutions indicate the distance which separates the exhibits from their place and utility in daily life. No definite effort seems to have been made in these institutions to relate the artistic efforts of the students to their daily life and environment. There are certainly stray examples which may be classed as exceptions. The ingenuity shown, for instance, in the models of bungalows, temples, wells, is a healthy instinct. The feeling for colour and pattern in the "torannas" is another welcome re-awakening. Much of the work on the sari-borders and table-cloths is tawdry. But there are a few examples which relieve the harassed eye. If these institutions could determine to seek guidance from the ancient examples the work from the students would not only gain in utility it will gain in artistic value as well.

NOTICEABLE EXHIBITS.

The first stall, for individual exhibitors, at the entrance contains many noticeable exhibits. The "toranna" in light blue and pink near the entrance of the second stall is an unusual combination of colour and of delicacy in execution. The purses worked in glass beads and "kinkhab" exhibited in stalls one and two demonstrate a very wholesome rivalry for originality. The examples of cutting and sewing are, in number, poor. But the blouse that has won for Miss Madri Desai the gold medal cannot be overlooked. Just opposite the stall may be observed Mrs. Lilavati Desai's attractive work in silk, another fortunate recipient of a gold medal. The cushions and painted work on saris, the thread and needle work displayed in the stall reserved for the students in the Gujarati Hindu Stri Mandal Classes attract attention. The coat in wool placed the fourth in stall have justly obtained for Mrs. Manglagauri Setalvad her gold medal. The blouse worked in thread by Mrs. Krishnabai Bhagwandas shown in the same stall, and marked out by the award of the gold medal, has been deservedly recognised. Mrs. Vidyagauri Munshi's decorative pattern in heads and pebbles, Mrs. Lilavati Desai's "Rangoli", the model of a bungalow by Mrs. Narmadabai D. Vithaldas placed opposite the first stall and the gold embroidered sari by Miss Lilavati Vora in the Stree Mandal stall have all received go'd medals.

NOT SERIOUS.

The fifth stall is set apart for painting. It is apparent that painting, judged from the pictures in this stall, is not given the serious attention it

(Continued on page 11)

TWENTY BALE UNIT,

A NECESSITY IN THE INTEREST OF SMALL GROWERS

(FROM OUR COTTON COMMISSIONER).

Mr. Chaman B. Joshi contributed an article under the caption "Wanted a 50-bales Unit" in the issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" of 7th instant. Though not a direct reply to the scheme presented by me in these columns on the 27th November, the writer has evidently offered some suggestions, which I regard as criticism of the scheme advanced by me.

Before dealing with various issues, it will be worth while to examine the reasons which brought Katcha Khandy operations into existence.

SMALL OPERATORS UNPROTECTED.

When the East India Cotton Association was formed, the Board of Directors neglected to make provisions for ordinary operators of limited means. They limited membership to those who were willing to deposit Rs. 10,000 and even that full amount has not been called for. This provision for a deposit of Rs. 10,000 was arrived at with a view to shut out cotton dealers of limited means. This was the reason why Katcha Khandy business came into existence. But the Board of the East India Cotton Association ignored its existence because they thought that they had an exclusive charter from the Government to regulate cotton business in Bombay. Kacha Khandy business was being done irrespective of time limit and some members of E.I.C.A., it was alleged, were carrying on huge operations there. The operations of this new market went on increasing beyond the imagination of the Board and at last a rule had to be made to stop business in Katcha Khandy by the members of the E. I. C. A. The Board failed to enforce this rule and hopelessly neglected to deal with those who did not abide by it. On the other side, Katcha Khandy brokers and dealers organised themselves into Shree Mahajan Association under the astute guidance of an ex-managing clerk of a Solicitor's firm. Business in Katcha Khandy kept on enlarging owing to Cut system and Teji Mundi operations, offering undue opportunities for earning small fortunes by big dealers at the risk and cost of operators having limited means. Thus bonafide operators were constantly looted and the custodians of cotton trade failed to meet legitimate needs of the small bona fide operators. The Board of the E.I.C.A. again tried to prevent its members from doing business under the auspices of the Mahajan Association, but therein they also failed. When the E. I. C. Association found itself helpless to stop the activiies of the rival Association, legal steps were taken against the Mahajan Association. The result was the famous Katcha Khandi case. The Appeal Court has declared Katcha Khandi business as wager. The business under Shri Mahajan Association still continues unhampered and in the interest and prestige of the East India Cotton Association, the need for a reduction in unit is imperative. There is considerable misunderstanding on the part of some section that any provision for small operators will result in crisis.

FALSE PRESTIGE.

The scheme suggested by me has got many safety valves and it is intended only for bona fide cotton dealers of limited means and I venture to state that business under the proposed scheme will protect both genuine and bona fide cotton dealers and cotton growers. It will not, in any way, compete with or prove a nuisance to the present business of the E. I. C. Association, but by broadening of bona fide business will help to maintain due parities of Indian cotton prices and the enormous losses which are sustained at present will be greatly reduced. A careful and honest study of my scheme is bound to remove unfounded fears of crises and false notions of prestige and position. I understand that the Board has not realized the merits of the scheme and is not seriously considering the question. The

(Continued on page 11)

Notes of the Day.

Making The World Safe For Humanity.

Speaking, as a delegate to the World's Students' Christian Federation, Mr. T. L. Shen of the Seochen University, China, referred to the forces making for international goodwill and in this connection emphasised the points of common interest between India and China like historical and cultural heritage which could be used to the advantage both of the two countries and the world at large. For some centuries the European countries have dominated the affairs of the world and have made a mess of them. Now Asia is astir and is determined to create a new social order. As among Indians, Mr. Shen said, tolerance, love of peace and justice have been the fundamental characteristics of the Chinese people and he did not exaggerate when he declared that the whole population of China was now working with one great object, namely, of securing freedom and equality and making the world safe for humanity and ushering in a new world order towards which and the sum total of world civilisation the Chinese believe they can make the largest contribution. In accomplishing this great work the Youth of China are naturally playing a prominent role and India, particularly her youth, is determined to make a contribution that will not be unworthy.

Dishonest Cry.

Presiding over the annual meeting of the Madras Chamber of Commerce, Mr. K. Kay said with an air of injured innocence that the Chamber did not at all claim special treatment at the expense of others but only asked for protection from discriminatory legislation. The reference is clearly to the Coastal Reservation Bill. The pharisaism of the Chamber is sickening. That body could not be unaware that the Europeans in India have all along thriven on every kind of discrimination, direct and indirect, open and secret and in almost every sphere of national life. That discrimination has ruined Indian industries, the shipping industry being only one of them. Even to-day the cry of British steel frame is on the lips of every Britisher. But that passes for efficiency and not discrimination. And when Indians make a modest effort to recover some of the lost ground and to restrict the British monopoly of Indian shipping, the dishonest cry of discrimination is raised by a thousand Britishers. If they care to be consistent let them cease talking of reserving any part of the services for the British.

Dallying with Prohibition.

The Madras Government, like that of Bombay, professes to have prohibition as its goal. Both have balked with the proposal of making a beginning in a selected district but both have dropped it, as being perhaps too committal. The Madras Government has now found a sop in what it calls preparatory educative propaganda for which it has sanctioned four lakhs. The people India are not in particular need of any lecturing propaganda, though Government might need it. Empowered to enforce the Local Option Act, the Municipal Committee of Taran Taran in Amritsar District, decided to close all liquor shops in the town by vote under the Act. The voting was significant, for out of 2,000 voters, 1,600 voted, and not one voted against prohibition. If provincial Governments are really in earnest about prohibition, they should have a many-sided programme, including steady reduction of shops and quantities of liquor supplied, reduction of hours during which the shops are to be open, wide Local Option and complete prohibition in at least one whole district in a province to begin with.

Campaign Against Indian Insurance.

The Financial correspondent of the Free Press at London says that he has reliable authority to show that British commercial interests have started a concerted three-fold attack on Indian Banking, Shipping and Insurance. The attack has been there long enough, it is not merely three-fold but manifold, and the belligerent's allies are to be found in India also both in commercial and political circles. If the Free Press has unearthed some fresh and definite particulars about the attack we should be glad to know them. The Commercial Correspondent of the Free Press in Bombay is more precise when he warns Indian Insurance concerns that British Fire Insurance houses with branches in India contemplate a rate war against Indian concerns. It is said that the British companies can easily stand the loss due to uncompetitive rates but may seriously injure the Indian concerns. It is also hoped by foreign interests that the Government of India will not take any action against British companies undercutting methods and that "when there is conflict between sentiment and hard cash the Indian business houses will choose the profit and let patrotism go to the wind." Whatever may be the grounds for apprehending a rate war, Indian insurance companies will have to be most vigilant. And if Indian businessmen in general do not stand by the Indian insurance concerns, they will not only be criminally un-patriotic but will suffer economically too in the long run.

"LAWLESS POLICE CRIMINALS"

Chintamani Denounces Lucknow Outrage.

AMAZING REVELATIONS IN U. P. COUNCIL.

Mahmudabad and Family in Police Custody

HAILEY'S GOVT. CENSURED.

LUCKNOW, Dec. 13.

Although the contentious Land Revenue Bill was scheduled for discussion to-day interest mainly centred round Mr. Chintamani's adjournment motion. The debate, however, lasted two hours only.

IRONY OF FATE.

Mr. Chintamani said that the Lucknow incidents in connection with the visit of the Simon Commission had attracted attention all over India and were regarded throughout the country as incidents that constituted a grave public scandal. The reason why the Inspector-General of Police in his evidence before the Commission expressed the view that he was averse to the idea of control of police by the Legislature was abundantly manifested from the Lucknow incidents. It was an irony of fate that the Commission that had to decide the future of India dared not go into any city except under the protection of police criminals whose lawless behaviour stood exposed before the whole country. It was hoped that the Lahore incidents followed by Lala Lajpatrai's death would bring sense to Government to beware of what the police might do and to curb their excesses but the police here were given a long rope. What happened in Lucknow on those days was public property.

"WHITEWASHER-IN-CHIEF"

There were impartial news agency versions, there were versions of special newspaper correspondents, there were statements of those who figured as participators. On the top of them there were two communiques issued over the signature of the Chief Secretary the "Whitewasher-in-Chief" of the United Provinces Government. The Chief Secretary would make the people believe that his police were angels. They could not be and were never in the wrong. The speaker's politics were not on all fours with those of Pandit Jawaharlal, but he had the greatest respect for the young Pandit and could assert that Jawaharlal was an honest and upright gentleman. There was nobody who would believe the official versions of the incidents in preference to the versions given by Messrs. Jawaharlal and Pant.

MAHMUDABAD IN POLICE CUSTODY

The police not content with the attention paid to demonstrators, paid similar kindly attention to the Maharaja of Mahmudabad ex-Home Member. He had in his possession correspondence and photographs which proved conclusively that the Maharaja and members of his family were virtually in police custody on two occasions. The Maharajah who, three years back was responsible for law and order in these provinces, had protested in vain. He was made to pay for the sin of his dark skin and his honest political opinions. He would like to ask the present Home Member how he could allow his predecessor in office being repeatedly insulted. He would ask the Chief Secretary if it was impossible to spare the feelings of a man like the Maharajah of Mahmudabad held in esteem by Hindus and Muslims, by Liberals and extremists alike.—A. P.

U. P. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

TRIBUTE TO LALA LAJPAT RAI

LUCKNOW, Dec. 13.

After question time to-day in the United Provinces Council, Rai Bahadur Sitaram, the President, referred to the illness of His Majesty the King-Emperor and said:

ANXIETY ABOUT KING'S ILLNESS.

"We have all been reading with anxiety the bulletins about the unfortunate illness of His Majesty the King-Emperor. This anxiety has been growing as days pass. His Majesty's health is a matter of grave concern to the millions of his loyal subjects in India. We all pray God for His Majesty's speedy recovery. In the name of this House I propose to send a message to this effect to His Majesty, and I am sure that in doing so, I am voicing the sentiments of all members of this House."

Mr. G. B. Lambert, Finance Member, as the Leader of the House, thanked the Chair for voicing the growing anxiety that they all felt regarding His Majesty's illness.

Continuing, he referred to the death of Raja Sambhu Dayal who was a member of the U. P. Council and of Lala Lajpat Rai.

TRIBUTE TO LALAJI.

Referring to the death of Lala Lajpat Rai, Mr. Lambert said that the widespread expression of grief throughout India which followed the death of Lala Lajpat Rai had very well brought home to him Lalaji's eminence as a national leader and he had been struck by the wonderful loyalty of India as a whole to its National leaders. "I regard this impassioned loyalty to their leaders as one of the finer thrits of Indian character. It brings men together on common ground and it denotes gratitude for work done in the National cause and is a great stimulus to younger men who will take the place of older leaders".

The leaders of the different parties in the Council associated themselves with Mr. Lambert's statement.

ADJOURNMENT MOTION.

The President next announced that Mr. Chintamani had asked for leave to move the adjournment of the House to discuss the alleged police attacks on peaceful citizens in Lucknow on the 28th, 29th and 30th November and 5th December. The President held the motion to be in order and fixed 4 p.m. to-day for taking it up for discussion.

Mr. Chintamani's motion of adjournment was adopted without division.—A. P.

CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE

TO MEET ON 21ST D ECEMBER

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 13.

The General Secretary, All-India Congress Committee announces that the Working Committee of the Congress will meet at 5 p.m. on the 21st instant at the President-Elect's residence 47/1, Theatre Road Calcutta. The A. I. C. C. will meet in the Subjects Committee Pandal at 11 a.m. on the 25th instant.—A. P.

PT. JAWAHARL AL IN BOMBAY

TO ADDRESS MEETING TO-DAY AT BLAVATSKY LODGE

At the special request of The Bombay Presidency Youth League and The Independence of India League, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is coming to Bombay to-doy (Friday), and it is decided to hold a public meeting, in order that the public of Bombay may get an opportunity to hear him.

The meeting will be held to-day (Friday), at 6 p.m. at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta will preside.

The lecture is open to the public and special seats will be reserved for ladies.

CALL TO VOLUNTEERS.

The members of the "Youth Guards" are requested to punctually attend at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, at 5-30 v.m. (Sharp) to preserve order at the Public Lecture of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, to day (Friday).

UNITE ON NEHRU REPORT

IT IS BEST POSSIBLE COMPROMISE

DOMINION STATUS GIVES FULLEST FREEDOM

CALCUTTA, Dec. 13.

A public meeting was held in the Albert Hall this evening to consider the Nehru Report. Mr. Bepin Chandra Pal presiding said that difference of opinion existed as regards the details of the Report, but they must remember that the Report was a compromise and in his opinion it was the best possible compromise they could arrive at in the present circumstances.

MAIN PRINCIPLES.

The two main principles of the Report were its acceptance of a self-governing Dominion Status as the goal of India's political aspirations and adult franchise as the foundation of the future democracy of India. He would have followed the lead of Pandit Jawaharlal if he felt any doubt in his mind that a self-governing Dominion Status was one little or jot less than complete national sovereignty, but he was convinced tin his mind that this Status satisfied to the full India's political aspirations.

WHY HE SUPPORTS DOMINION STATUS.

He supported the Dominion Status not on the ground of expediency, but because he held with Mr. C. R. Das that equal partnership in a large association of free nations was ideally superior to isolated national independence. The second main point was universal adult franchise. He believed that all their conflicts would disappear if they accepted this provision of the Report. There would then be no question of majority or minority. He added that if they could secure unanimity of opinion on these two points of the Report they would have achieved a great deal and then they would be in a position to throw their challenge to England.—A. P.

MA ULNA SHAUKAT ALI IN CAALCUTTA

PURDAH LADIES SHOWER FLOWER

(From a Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 13.

Maulana Shaukat Ali arrived in Calcutta and was met at the Howrah station by a large number of Mussalmans He was taken in procession. The Maulana was garlanded at several places by representative members of the public and leaders of Mohallas. Muslim ladies from behind the purdah showered flowers on the Maulana while passing through Muchwabazar. The procession passed through Harrison, Chitpore, Muchwabazar, College Street to the Calcutta Khilafat Office. The Maulana addressed a monster public meeting of Muslims at Halliday Park and explained his future programme of work.

ALL INDIA KHILAFAT CONFERENCE

MOHOMEDALI'S PRESIDENTSHIP ASSURED

Maulana Shaukat Ali wires from Calcutta under Thursday's date:—

"After the most successful All-Parties Muslim Conference at Patna under the presidentship of Maulana Muhammad Ali when all differences were removed I reached Calcutta yesterday and was accorded a most warm reception in which over twenty-thousand Muslims enthusiastically joined. Muslims here are most anxious to make the forthcoming Khilafat Conference successful. There is every hope that it will be memorable and strengthen our movement.

The Conference will be held on the 25th, 26th and 27th December in its own Pandal at Halliday Park. Accomodation will be provided for over 6,000 persons. So far all Khilafat Committees have unanimously elected Moulana Muhammad Ali as the President of the Conference, and his election is certain. The sittings of the Khilafat Conference and the Muslim League will be arranged after mutual consultations, in such a way, that it may be possible for persons desirous of doing so, to attend meetings of both the organisations. A meeting of the Central Khilafat Committee will be held on the 24th at Calcutta. All members are earnestly requested to attend this important session."—A. P.

INDIAN WAR OF INDE PENDENCE

ALL INDIA OBSERVANCE ON MAY 10

B OMBAY PRESIDENCY OUTHSY IN CONFERENCE

POONA CITY, Dec. 13.

The open session of the Youth Conference began with passing an Independence resolution and concluded with adopting a resolution calling the Youth Leagues in the Presidency to observe May 10th as the National Day in order to commemorate the "War of Independence" of 1857.

Several other resolutions were also passed. After the Conference had passed a resolution to send fraternal greetings to youths and youth organisations about the world and felicitations to the valiant youths of China, Egypt, Turkey and Ireland, an American Dr. Southward was attending the Conference presented greetings on behalf of the youths of America. —A. P.

CO-OPERATION IN BIHAR

SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO ADVISE GOVERNMENT

PATNA, Dec. 13.

The Government of Bihar and Orissa are contemplating the appointment of a special committee to advise them upon certain important questions in connection with the co-operative movement. Details of the proposed enquiry and personned of the committee have not yet been settled. —A. P.

"FORWARD" SEDITION C CASE

HARGES FRAMED AGAINST EDITOR AND PRINTER

CALCUTTA, Dec. 13.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate framed charges to-day under Section 124A, I. P. C., against Mr. Satyaranjan Bakshi Editor, and Mr. Pulin Bihari Dhar, Printer, of "Forward" on a charge of publishing an article entitled "The Uniformed" in its issue of the 1st December. Both of them pleaded not guilty. The case has been adjourned to 4th January. The accused have both been released on bail.—A. P.

MR. SARMA'S NEW BOOK "TOWARDS SWARAJ"

PREFERS UNITARY TO FEDERAL SYSTEM

MADRAS, Dec 11.

Mr. M. K. Srinivasa Iyengar, Law Publisher, Triplicane, Madras has just brought out a new book "Towards Swaraj" by Mr. S. K. Sarma, a well known publicist and economist in which the author develops a scheme of full responsible Government, differing in many particulars from the Nehru Report. After emphasising the need for the immediate grant of responsible Government. Mr. Sarma puts in a plea for a strong centralised Government based on a unitary as opposed to a federal system. Discussing the problem more especially from the point of view of the general tax-payer, he urges that a central Government fully responsible to the Legislature and in sole charge of public finance is the basis for realisation of the national ideal, and proposes the creation of a Central Board of Revenue with Finance Member at its head and a department of tax administration directly under his control.—A. P.

A LULL IN FRONTIER DISTURBANCE

SHINWARIS AND AFGHANS CEASE HOSTILITIES

NEW DELHI, Dec. 13.

No further news of any importance has been received from the Frontier. The lull in the fighting between Afghan troops and the rebel tribesmen continues.—A. P.

LALAJI'S SEAT IN ASSEMBLY

RAIZADA HANSRAJ AS CONGRESS NOMINEE

LAHORE, Dec. 13.

The Election Board of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee has recommended the nomination of Raizada Hansraj as a candidate to the seat in the Legislative Assembly rendered vacant by the death of Lala Lajpat Rai. The Board has further recommended that for the vacancy which will be caused in the Punjab Legislative Council if Raizada Hansraj is elected to the Assembly, Lala Dunichand should be nominated the Congress candidate.—A. P

His Excellency The Governor of Bombay received H. H. The Sar Desai of Sawantwadi at Government House Bombay on Thursday.

COTTON TRADE DEAD-LOCK

Opposition To Reduction of Unit

BOMBAY MILL-OWNERS' MIS-GUIDED STEP

It is understood that the Committee of the Bombay Mill-owners' Association has instructed its representatives on the Board of the East India Cotton Association to oppose the proposal to accommodate members of the Katcha Khandy on the ground that the proposal is incompatible with the prestige of the cotton trade and objects with which the East India Cotton Association was originally inaugurated and that it would demoralise the cotton industry.

The Committee of the Mill-owners' Association in passing the above resolution has failed to realise the urgency of reducing the unit of 100 bales under a misguided interpretation of Katcha Khandy. The prestige of the Chicago Board of Trade has materially increased since the introduction of 25 bales unit and as a result of which the New Orleans Cotton Trade Association has also wisely introduced 50 bales unit. These important Associations, where business in cotton is done on an extensive scale, have not suffered in prestige in any way. The reduction in unit has helped the objects of these important trade institutions in securing equitable distribution of goods to the consumers on the spot and there is no reason why it should not work satisfactory in Bombay. It can be said that the interest of mill-owners lies in buying cotton cheap and this interest can be best served by not allowing legitimate accommodation for smaller lots of cotton, which they are buying under present defective trading methods at a discount of about Rs. 10 per candy.

JAMIAT-UL-AMAI

(From a Correspondent).

DELHI, Dec. 12.

A very important meeting of the Working Committiee of the "Jamiat-Ul-amai hind" will be held on the 18th, 19th and 20th December, at Moradabad. Besides other matters the Bebra Riot and the recommendations of the sub-committee regarding the Nehru Report will be discussed. Representatives will be elected for the Calcutta Convention and the All-India Muslim Conference.

All Working Committee members are requested to reach Moradabad by the morning of 18th the agenda has been issued from the office of Maulvi Omardraraz Prince Road Moradabad who should be informed of the time and date of their arrival.

FINANCE MEMBER ON TOUR

NEW DELHI, Dec. 13.

Sir George Schuster, Finance Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council, leaves for Calcutta to-morrow. After attending the meeting of the Associated Chambers of Commerce on the 17th December, he returns to Delhi, where he will spend the Christmas. —A. P.

AID TO DISCHARGED PRISONERS

NAGPUR, Dec. 13.

At the annual meeting of the Discharged Prisoners Aid Society, the Hon'ble Mr. Tambe presiding, office bearers for the next year were elected. Mr. Tambe was elected president. Sir Gangadhar Chitnavis and Mr. Raghvendrarao, Ministers were elected vice-presidents, Colonel Powell, Messrs Bansale, Foley and Bambwale were elected secretaries.

Mr. Tambe referred to two acts namely the Children's Act and the Borstal Act which were intended to be brought inuo force from next year. These acts were part of a scheme for reducing crime and the number of criminals. He said that merely giving assistance to discharged prisoners was not sufficient. It was also necessary that the society should have its own officers to replace police surveillance.

He then appealed to the Hindu Mahasabha, Tanjim and missions to render help to achieve the desired object.—A. P.

PUNJAB LIMITED

BOMBAY, Dec. 13.

The G. I. P. and N. W. Railways' Punjab Limited Express which runs in connection with the English Mail steamer will leave Ballard Pier on Friday noon to Lahore. The train is due at Agra at 10-36 a. m. on Saturday and Delhi at 1-57 p.m., the service terminating at Lahore about midnight on Saturday.—A. P.

HOME RULE FOR BURMA

SIMONITES CAN'T GIVE IT

RANGOON, Dec. 13.

In the Burma Legislative Council today the Finance Member moved the following:—

"This Council do proceed to select a committee of seven non-official members of the House to confer jointly with the Indian Statutory Commission".

U Pu, who had an amendment on the agenda paper, withdrew it and opposed the motion outright his reason being that the Simon Commission could not give Burma home rule.

U Ba U moved an amendment adding the following words to the original motion "for the purpose of determining the immediate steps necessary towards the attainment of full responsible Government:".

The Finance Member accepting the amendment of Ba U said that the Simon Commission had been received with mixed feelings in India.

A lively discussion then ensued in which twentythree members took part all being non-officials. The debate had not come to a close when the Council adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

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MENACE OF SECRET RESERVES

EUROPEAN CO'S CAN HAVE RATE CUTTING WAR

SIR LALUBHAI ON COASTAL TRAFFIC BILL.

KARACHI, Dec. 13.

Sir Lalubhai Samaldas, lecturing on the Coastal Reservation Bill brought by Mr. S. N. Haji, traced the history of the Bill, and another similar one moved in the Council of State and said that the Government of India had appointed an Advisory Committee to report on the subject of Indian Shipping Trade and Coastal Reservation. The Committee consisted of six members: three Indians and three Europeans. He was also on that Committee and it decided by majority of five to one in favour of Coastal Reservation. The opposition had come from Sir Athur Froom. The latter thought that the British India Steam Navigation Company had served the country so long that, nobody else should come in the field or to use a colloquial phrase ashould poke his nose in it.

SECRET RESERVES.

Referring to the matter of having secret reserves, the speaker referred to the practice of certain banks which had been exposed by Mr. P. D. Shamdasani.

This practice of secret reserves had been going on everywhere. With those secret reserves the European Companies could have a rate cutting war and smash any other company. That was done with the Scindia Steam Navigation Company. The B. I. S. N. Company had a big fleet and it had a rate cutting war with Scindhia Steam Navigation company. By reducing its rates from 15 to 12 and later 10 per cent, the Sindia Steam Navigation Company was, put to a loss of five lakhs every year. The speaker was strongly of opinion that India should have its mercantile Marine.

On the Committee, there were two Government of India representatives. Now the coastal Reservation Bill has passed its first reading and been referred to a select Committee.

Mr. Abdullah Haroon who presided, in his concluding remarks referring to Mr. Haji's Bill an Indian Coastal Reservation said that the Bill was now before the Select Committee and he was sure that it would be passed into law during the forthcoming session of the Assembly.—Free Press.

RESERVATION OF COASTAL TRAFFIC BILL

CALICUT CITIZENS AND MERCHANTS, STRONG SUPPORT

CALICUT, Dec. 8.

Whole-hearted support to Mr. S. N. Haji's Bill for reservation of Coastal Traffic for Indian vessels now before the Legislative Assembly, was accorded at a meeting of the citizens and merchants held here.

Mr. Narayana Menon, Retired Chief Justice of Cochin State presided. In the course of his speech he said that the question of Coastal Trade was a very important one, when looked at from the point of view of the material welfare of India. It might be a political question, but not in the sense that it sought to change the constitution of the Indian Government. On the other hand it was an economic and commercial question, for the foreign shipping companies were exploiting India to the extent of more than Ten crorers of Rupees annually by their activity in Indian waters. The ocean trade was not the monopoly of a particular nation, but of all the nations, and so, no particular nation could claim any monopoly over the Trade on the high seas. It was a legitimate problem for the Indian Legislature to bring about a legislation to reserve the coastal traffic for Indian vessels. He thought that the proposed problem would also solve the question of unemployment in India to a very large extent.

Mr. G. Sarvothama Rao then moved the following resolution:—

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.

"That this meeting of the citizens and merchants of Calicut resolves to lend its strong support to Mr. S. N. Haji's Bill for the Reservation of Coastal traffic in India, which is now before the Legislative Assembly, as it is a moderate measure which is highly conducive to the material and economic development of India".

In moving the above resolution Mr. Sarvothama Rao said that several objections had been raised against the Bill by interested parties, and that one of the objections was that all trade, all commerce and all industries worked in India by foreigners were going to be expropriated. He also referred to the objection raised against the Bill by Sir J. Simpson of Madras.

INDIAN TRAFFIC FOR INDIAN VESSELS.

In seconding the resolution, Mr. Manjeri Rama Aiyar pointed out that it was essential that Indian coastal traffic should be reserved for Indian vessels.

Mr. B. S. Tripuranthak Mudaliar, in supporting the resolution observed that owing to competition with foreign shipping Companies, 22 or 23 Indian shipping Companies have failed and at present about seven or eight remained, and that too without sufficient life in them. If the present bill had been passed into law the rates would be far more favourable and equitable to Indian Commerce.

At this stage, Mr. Keethanari Madhavanar of the "Mathrubumi" moved an amendment to delete the last portion of the resolution, namely "as it is a moderate measure, etc.", and the mover having accepted it, the resolution was amended accordingly.

CALICUT'S ANCIENT HISTORY.

Rao Bahadur V. V. Govindan in further supporting the resolution, said that India had her own navigation and that the Calicut port was the only port known to European nations three or four thousand years ago, which would be evident from historic facts. The Indians have practically lost the art after the advent of foreigner in India. During his visit to England he was asked by a German what would India do if the English were to leave India bag and baggage and whether they would not be at the mercy of some other nation. Continuing Mr. Govindan said that with out a Navy of their own they would have to be at the mercy of some other nation in case they secured independece of Swaraj or whatever it might be.—Free Press.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO CINEMA "STAR"

SWORD THAT CUT DEEP

A serious accident, which otherwise would have been fatal to Miss Sulochana, the famous Imperial Film Company's 'star', was averted last Saturday.

It was a scene of fight. Mr. Billimoria's sword (a real sword) accidently slipped away which resulted in a deep cut to Miss Sulochana's leg.

Miss Sulochana is starring in "The Magic Flute", written by Mr. A. S. Desai, and is under the direction of Mr. Bhavnani who has arrived in India from Germany.

"THARK"

AN AMUSING PERFORMANCE

The Banyard English Comedy Company began a short season at the Excelsior Theatre on Thursday night when they presented that exceptionally successful play "Thark" There was a big crowd present and their appreciative spirit went far towards making the play a decided success. It was altogether an enjoyable show full of wit and briliant repartee. The plot itself was negligible and lacked point but the actors got the very best out of it with their excellent acting There was not a dull moment throughout. A wonderful spirit of humour pervaded the atmosphere, while the situations created were screamingly funny.

Of the three acts the first two were confined to a Mayfair Flat where a series of domestic misunderstandings and difference took place. As a solution to these all the characters adjourned to "Thark," a house which was said to have been haunted. How the mystery unraveled itself, but the end was so abrupt as almost to make it unsatisfactory. Mystery reigned supreme. In fact, it was almost gruesome, and the wonderful storm effects together with appropriate lightning made it certainly terrifying.

Mr. Heaton Grey made an ideal Sir Hector Benbow, with his volcanic and expressive temper. The silly ass in chief represented by Mr. Bardy Russel as Ronald Gamble dominated throughout the play. Miss Kathleen Vaughan had an important part to play in the role of Kitty Stratton, the shop-girl, while Jones, the priceless butler, was well represented by Mr. C. V. Wallace. Miss Annie Chippendale appeared in a minor character as Mrs. Frush; but her splendid ability has always lent colour to her efforts, and last night she shone as a typical specimen of the nouveau riches. Thark will be repeated to-night, while on Saturday at 9-30 and on Sunday at 5-30 the Company will stage that great Lyric Theatre London Success "The Best People."

SEQUEL TO PAREL INCIDENT

URGING DRASTIC MEASURES

MILL-OWNERS TO SEE GOVERNOR

The following is from the "Evening News of India.":—

An emergent meeting of the special committee of the Bombay Mill-owners' Association was held to consider the situation created by the disturbances which occurred on Wednesday morning. The time, place and the proceedings of the meeting were kept secret. A representative of the "Evening News" was, however, able to gather from a reliable source that the committee has decided to wait in deputation on His Excellency the Governor at an early date and to make a representation to him urging the adoption of drastic measures to prevent a repetition of such disturbances. The deputation will point out, it is understood, that not only is the mill industry threatened with serious consequences but that there is also grave apprehension of danger to life and property among those engaged in the industry such as managers, weaving and spinning masters, etc., owing to the spirit of lawlessness which was manifest in Thursday morning's rioting. If something is not done to check that state of affairs, the deputation will urge the consequences might be still more serious.

BRIGHT PROSPECTS OF RECOVERY

PRAYERS FOR KING'S SPEEDY RECOVERY

LONDON, Dec. 13.

(3-15 p.m.) An official announcement says that the King is making progress.—Reuter.

INTERCESSION PRAYERS

OVING SCENE IN WESTMINISTER ABBEY

LONDON, Dec. 13.

A moving scene was witnessed in the Westminster Abbey to-day on the occasion of the first service and prayers for intercession on behalf of the King which will be held at noon daily until further notice All classes and creeds were represented in the congregation which knelt and prayed silently and remained kneeling while Canon Storr intoned petitions from the Litany praying to God to "keep They servant George the Fifth", "bless and preserve our gracious Queen Mary," commending "to Thy Fatherly goodness all those who are afflicted or distressed in body or estate, especially our most gracious King George the Fifth" and praying to God to "bless those doctors and nurses who minister to our King in his sickness, give them skill and bless the means they use for his recovery". The congregation responded to each petition with fervent 'Amen'.—Reuter.

"NOT LOSING GROUND"

LONDON, Dec. 13.

A bulletin issued at 10-45 this morning says:—The King had some sleep. The local condition is satisfactory. Weakness and toxaemia are considerable, but the pulse is steady. His Majesty is not losing ground.—Reuter.

DRS. HAVING ANXIOUS TIME

LONDON, Dec. 13.

The bulletin regarding the King's health issued at 10/45 this morning was signed by three doctors.

Despite the sucess of the operation of His Majesty, anxiety continues at the Palace to-day. "Considerable" weakness mentioned in the morning bulletin, though it is merely natural, is causing the doctors great anxiety. It is authoritatively stated that the weakness is not unduly alarming but for the next few days, until it is known definitely whether King's strength is sufficient to conquer the weakness or not, the anxiety must continue.—Reuter.

KING'S CONDITION CONTINUES SATISFACTORY

LONDON, Dec 12.

It is officially stated at 11-30 p.m. that King's condition hitherto continues satisfactory. The Prince of Wales who had a lengthy talk with doctors left the Palace at 11-15 p.m. Doctors who had been in almost constant consultation since afternoon departed at 11-30 except Hewett who is remaining for the night.—Reuter.

DIFFERENT STAGES OF HIS MAJESTY'S ILLNESS

HOPEFUL PROSPECTS OF RECOVERY

LONDON, Dec. 12.

An official statement on His Majesty's illness dated three in the afternoon of 12th instant and authorised for publication in the medical press says that general blood infection and toxaemia prominent features during the first fortnight at one time caused a grave anxiety. Moreover, characteristics of typical pleuropneumonia were not present. A week ago evidences of general infection were less prominent. Nevertheless as original pleurisy involved the diaphragm, careful watch was kept for the formation of fluid between the lung and diaphragm and its extension to the posterior pulmonary surface. There were signs of this development in the morning accompanied by increased leucocytosis and the drainage will now be performed. Though this pleural localisation of infection so anxiously anticipated makes the direction of advance more defined and more hopeful there is still a prospect of long and difficult struggle.—Reuter.

SUCCESSFUL DRAINAGE OF RIGHT SIDE CHEST.

LONDON, Dec. 12.

A bulletin issued at 8-45 p.m. signed by six doctors says the operation upon the King for the drainage of the right side chest has been successful. Condition of His Majesty is satisfactory. Surgeon Sir Hugh Rigby, Prince of Wales, Duke and Duchess of York were with the Queen while the operation was being carried out.—Reuter.

The Prince of Wales who after an unprecedented dash for Home succeeded in reaching London on Tuesday night, saw the King who recognised and greeted him.

LOYALTY OF INDIAN STATES TO KING-EMPEROR.

Loyalty of the Indian States to the King-Emperor was emphasised by Dr. Rushbrook Williams who addressed the Unionists' Canvassing Corps on the "Indian States and the Empire" at Caxton Hall.—Reuter.

The Marchioness of Curzon has postponed her departure for India till 28th December.—Reuter.

THE OPERATION

LONDON, Dec. 12.

An operation followed the finding of the pleural fluid some of which had been removed by puncture in the morning. The fluid was what the doctors were seeking for when they conducted the exploration by a needle and X-Ray examination on Friday. Then they were unable to find any effusion. The infection which had become localised in the right lung spread generally throughout the body and it was this which had caused grave anxiety in the past two days. The King's rally last night followed what is described as a miraculous return of the localised infection instead of general infection. This is regarded as a good sign as it meant that the doctors could carry out any active treatment. This they did this morning with happy result, and they were able to arrange for the operation to-night. The operation could not have been performed had the King been unable to maintain his strength. Despite the attack of disease, lower temperature mentioned in the morning was the first sign that the infection had against localised. The operation was finished by 7-50 p.m. Francis E. Shipway was the anaesthetist. He is the inventor of the Shipway Anaesthetising apparatus.—Reuter.

TENSE AIR OF ANXIETY DURING OPERATION

REMARKABLE TRIBUTE TO STRENGTH OF KING'S CONSTITUTION

London, Dec. 12.

There was a tense air of anxiety in the Palace during the operation in which connection doctors were consulting almost continuously the whole day and preparations were made throughout the afternoon. The Prince of Wales, The Duke and Duchess of York, the Queen and Princess Mary were the first to hear the glad news that the operation was successful. Late to-night, an air of subdued optimism prevailed in the Royal household. The Prince of Wales and the Duke and Duchess of York left the Palace after the operation but returned at 9 to dine with the Queen.

A GREAT TAX ON HIS MAJESTY'S STRENGTH.

The operation is great tax on His Majesty's strength already impaired by twenty-two days' illness but the fact that the King was in a position to undergo the operation is regarded as remarkable and wonderful tribute to the strength of his constitution. Those in touch with the Royal circle, therefore, are hopeful of the ultimate result, though they realise a long and difficult struggle ahead.—Reuter.

LARGE CROWD OUTSIDE PALACE.

There was a large gathering outside the Palace to witness the posting of the bulletin to-night. The news that the operation was successfully performed was greeted with expressions of "Thank God". Viscount Lascelles apologised for his late arrival at dinner at the Irish Club and explained that he did not leave the Palace until he heard that everything had gone off quite successfully. (Cheers).—Reuter.

PURULENT FLUID REMOVED BY PUNCTURE

LONDON, Dec. 12.

A bulletin issued at 3-20 this afternoon signed by five doctors says that the slight improvement noted in the morning has been maintained. Some purulent fluid round the base of the right lung was removed by puncture this morning. Further drainage will be necessary.—Reuter.

AT MANGROL

FEEDING THE POOR

(From a Correspondent).

MANGROL, Dec. 13.

True to the traditional loyaty of the House of Shaikhs, the Mangrol Durbar Saheb immediately after learning of the ill-health of His Majesty the King inquired by a wire to the Political Secretary to the Government of India about his state of health and issued prompt orders to his subjects to offer fervent prayers in their temples and mosques for the speedy recovery of the King. To increase the efficacy of the prayer the Durbar Saheb ordered the needy and the indigent to be fed at the expense of the State. Thus prayers were twice offered in Mangrol by the subjects to grant long life and perfect health to His Majesty.

PRAYERS AT LUNAVADA

The Dewan, Lunavada State, wires under date to-day that "at a representative meeting of officials, nobles and subjects of the Lunavada State held in Ambaji Temple on Coronation Day, His Highness the Maharaja Saheb of Lunavada presiding, at which Shriman the Uvaraj Saheb and other members of the Royal Family were also present, prayers were offered to Providence for the long-life of His Majesty the King-Emperor."

PRAYERS AT CAWNPORE

CAWNPORE, Dec. 13.

Prayers were offered to-day at various places of worship in the City for the speedy recovery of His Majesty the King Emperor.—A. P.

AT IDAR.

HIMATNAGAR, Dec. 12.

Prayers were offered to-day throughout the Idar State for the speedy recovery of His Majesty.—A. P.

ASSOCIATED CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

VICEROY TO OPEN ANNUAL MEETING IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Dec. 13.

A strong appeal for substantial reduction of freight rates on coal, cotton and fuel oil will be made at the annual general meeting of the Associated Chambers of Commerce of India and Ceylon, which will be held in Calcutta on December 17th and 18th. The Meeting will be opened by H. E. the Viceroy. Sixteen resolutions on various subjects will be put forward. Of these four will be from the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, three from the Bombay Chamber, two from the Burma Chamber, two from the Karachi Chamber, and one each from the Punjab and the Upper India Chambers.—A. P.

MR. JINNAH AND MUSLIM CONFERENCE

SHAFIITES PREPARED TO MEET HIM HALFWAY

DR. KITCHLEW'S MAGNIFICENT APPEAL ENDORSED

BOMBAY, Dec. 13.

In a statement to the press, Mr. Jinnah says:

"I understand that some of the supporters of the All-India Muslim Conference are going to meet in Delhi on the 16th and consider the advisability of attending the Calcutta Session of the Muslim League.

I can endorse the magnificent appeal which was issued by Dr. Kitchlew, the Secretary of the League, and I request every shade of Muslim opinion to attend the League, and see that the League arrives at decision which is in the best interests of the community and the country at large."

As regards the satement made by Sir Muhammad Shafi to the press on November 23rd, relating to the question of reunion of the two branches of the Muslim League. Mr. Jinnah said that he had written to Sir Muhammad, but had not yet received any reply. In his letter to Sir Muhammad Mr. Jinnah quoted Sir Mahomed's statement that "Even now it is not too late. Should Mr. Jinnah be willing to hold a consultative meeting of the leading workers of the two sections of the League in order to promote a reunion, he would find that the leaders of the Lahore section would meet him more than halfway." Mr. Jinnah continued in his letter to Sir Muhammad:

PROMOTION OF HARMONY.

"I was pleased and encouraged to read this. Therefore, in continuation of our previous correspondence, may I request you to let me know the object of the proposed consultative meeting of the leading workers and where and when they should meet? I shall be very glad to do all I can to promote harmony and unity between the members of the All-India Muslim League. May I put before you my individual view for your consideration, that the time at our disposal is too short before the session of the Muslim League takes, and the distances too great? In the circumstances, would it not be advisable to meet in Calcutta shortly before the session commences? Of one thing I can assure you, that all those whom I have had the opportunity of consulting, desire, in the interest of the community and having regard to the vital issues before the country, that we must close up our rank and file.

INVITED TO BOMBAY.

"I may say that it is not possible for me to leave Bombay just now, but should you and the leading workers of the Lahore section care to come down to Bombay, I shall be very pleased."—A. P.

WIRELESS CONCERT AT MATUNGA

AN ENJOYABLE PROGRAMME ON RADIO

BOMBAY, Dec. 12.

Since the introduction of broadcasting in India, the residents of Matunga had, perhaps for the first time, an opportunity of listening publicly to the programme of the Indian Broadcasting Company on Tuesday night at the King's Circle Gardens, Matunga. Thanks to the efforts of the Matunga Residents' Association, the Bombay Municipality at last agreed to arrange for a wireless concert at the King's Circle and it is needless to say that the attempt was a grand success. Hundreds of people of all castes and communities including a large number of ladies, enjoyed the varied programme of music, both European and Indian, which went on till late in the night. A notable featuré of the day's programme was the inclusion of a relay of South Indian music, both vocal and instrumental, which was very much appreciated, especially by the South Indian residents of Matunga. Great credit is also due to the Indian States and Eastern Agency, who were in charge of the whole arrangement. The residents of Matunga are eagerly looking forward to the time when the Municipality would be able to arrange for such public entertainments more frequently.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY

The B. B. and C. I. Railway propose, provided sufficient number of passengers are available, to run a special train from Colaba on the 22nd. and 3rd. instant for second and third class passengers on a ten days' tour covering Muttra, Delhi, Fatehpur, Sikri, Agra, Jaipur Ajmer, Udaipur, Abu-Road, Baroda and Ahmedabad. Charges inclusive of railway fare and Indian catering are:

2nd. Class.....Rs.100.
3rd. Class.....Rs. 60.

These charges are payable in advance and the money will be refunded in case the trains do not run. Tickets can be had from the Season Ticket Office, Churchgate.

It is also proposed, in conjunction with Messrs. Thos. Cook and Sons to repeat the successful experiment of last Christmas and to arrange a ten days' tour by special train from Bombay for the convenience of the first class passengers. The tour will cover Agra, Delhi, Fetehpur Sikri, Jaipur, Udaipur Mount Abu and Ajmer. Charges include Catering, accommodation, sightseeing and conveyance. Particulars can be had from Thos. Cook and Sons.

The authorities will again this year run their Christmas holiday Competition in which Rs. 1000 are offered as prize. Particulars at the Company's Publicity Department at Churchgate.

Stimulation Protection

and the perfect bloom of beauty

Stimulating and soothing to the sensitive skin tissues, Icilma Cream is the ideal base for powder, giving to the complexion the exquisite bloom of youth. And there can be no better Face Powder than Icilma—delicately fragrant, it clings perfectly and *does not clog the pores.*

VANISHING CREAM

Guaranteed to contain the unique Natural Spring Water from Northern Africa, Icilma Cream is unequalled as a skin tonic and beautifier. Icilma is the lightest, most refreshing Cream in the world. Guaranteed not to grow hair—choice of two perfumes, Bouquet or Magnolia.

FACE POWDER

The lightest and most reliable you can obtain, Icilma Face Powder adheres faithfully under the most trying conditions, and does not clog the pores. The powder, untouched by any hand but your own, is packed in a delightful Parisian box. Two shades, Naturelle and Creme.

Icilma

CREAM and FACE POWDER

For your hair use *Icilma Shampoos*, which contain no harmful dyes and give strength and beauty. There is now a special Toning Rinse with each packet, to remove every trace of lather and leave the hair in a state of burnished beauty.

"Another "Hopeless Case" saved by VIROL.

A RECENT PHOTOGRAPH OF MAURICE PICKERING. AGE 22.

REMARKABLE LIFE-STORY of Maurice Pickering

Here is the actual history, step by step, of Maurice Pickering, who nearly died.

In 1910 Maurice Pickering, 32, Ninth Avenue, Heaton, Newcastle-on-Tyne, wasted terribly as a result of blood-poisoning and lung trouble (see photo No. 1). *Then he was put on Virol.* After 5 months he was a fine, strong, healthy boy (see photo No. 2). His doctor at Newcastle-on-Tyne confessed "the wonderful improvement made by this child after feeding on Virol. I quite feared his case was hopeless."

Permanent Recovery by taking VIROL

To-day Maurice Pickering is 22 (look at the big picture at the top). A Canadian doctor at Victoria, B.C., has just examined him and certifies that he is "well developed muscularly and in general good health and physical condition." He has done ranching and harvestwork in Canada. He has been exposed to extremes of heat and cold (from 100° above to 30° below zero in a few weeks), without harm to a body that has been strengthened and built by taking Virol through childhood and adolescence.

He is still taking Virol, and, in his own words, "Virol has enabled him to go through some of the toughest conditions to be found in the world."

SAME BOY 6 YEARS OLD

PHOTO No. 1.
BEFORE TAKING VIROL

PHOTO No. 2.
AFTER 5 MONTHS ON VIROL

These are guaranteed to be genuine photographs and accurate particulars of Maurice Pickering. This and every other case published by Virol, Ltd., are open to the strictest investigation by any Doctor interested.

VIROL

THE FOOD OF LIFE

VIROL, LTD., HANGER LANE, EALING, LONDON, W.5, ENGLAND.

AMBUSHED IN A DESERT

ARMY OFFICERS TAKEN BY SURPRISE AND KILLED

LONDON, Dec. 12.

Paris.—General Clavery commanding the Ainsefra district (Algeria) star captains Pasquet and Debenne, two non-commissioned officers and a party of Foreign Legionaries returning from a tour of inspection on Algeria were ambushed in a desert forty miles south of the Colombo-Bechar Railway terminus. After the fusilade sixteen horsmen dashed forward and attacked the General's car. The General staff officers and one non-commissioned officer were killed immediately It is believed five legionaries were also killed and one is missing. Three wounded have been brought into Colomb-Bechar. Clavery's promotion from colonelcy only gazetted to-day.—Reuter.

GENERAL CLAVERY'S ASSAILANTS TRACKED DOWN

AIR FORCE MACHINES OPEN FIRE

LONDON, Dec. 13.

Paris.—Machines of the Air Force tracked down General Clavery's assailants and opened fire with machine guns on them.—Reuter.

GERMANY'S TRADE AGREEMENTS WITH FOREIGN COUNTRIES

REICHSTAG GIVES SANCTION

LONDON, Dec. 12.

Berlin.—The Foreign Affairs Committee of Reichstag has sanctioned trade and shipping agreements of Germany with South Africa with Panama, and with China. The spokesman of Government said that Germany's post-war trade with China had exceeded since 1925 all the pre-war trade figures. Reuter.

ON DATE FIXED FOR NEXT IMPERIAL CONFERENCE

LONDON, Dec 12.

With reference to the statement that the Australian Government has requested the holding of an Imperial Conference in 1929, Reuter learns that there has never been any fixed date for the Conference and hitherto no arrangements have been made for meeting in the next autumn. Such a gathering in 1929 seems improbable in view of the general election.—Reuter.

NEW IMPERIAL RESEARCH STATION IN TRANSVAAL

LONDON, Dec. 12.

An announcement is made by the Empire marketing board that the Union Government has agreed to a research station at Ondersfepoort in Transvaal to serve as the link in the chain of the Imperial research stations. The board has approved of a substantial grant for it and says that it is expected the new station would lead directly to the intensified investigation into such problems as the tsetse fly control.—Reuter.

NEW BRITISH CRUISER LAUNCHED

LONDON, Dec. 12.

A ten thousand ton cruiser "Norfolk" has been launched at Clyde.—Reuter.

PRISONERS BID FOR LIBERTY

RESULTS IN DEATH

MADRAS, Dec. 13.

A bold bid for liberty by a prisoner, resulting in his death is reported from Rajahmundry. It would appear that two prisoners were being escorted by the police from one station to another, in a railway train, when one of them suddenly jumped out while the train was running. He was found lying near the track with serious wounds to which he succumbed.—A.P.

LONDON, Dec. 12.

Practically every British shipping Company and fishing fleet was represented in the memorial which the Queen to-day unveiled. Those represented include P. and O. British India, Leyland and Atlantic Transport with the total loss of fifty ships and five hundred men.—Reuter.

London.—The Cargo of the "Celtic" mentioned in a message of the 10th instant, is being discharged. The "Celtic" is in a bad position but the weather hitherto has been good.—Reuter.

SAVE EYES.

of all troubles, even **Cataract, Glaucoma, Granular lids, etc., cured Without Knife,** by our nature's remedy **Cocoanut Brand "LOTUS HONEY"**—genuine and purest in market. Ask for **Cocoanut Brand** only. Dram Rs. 2-8, 2 drams Rs. 4. Postage extra. For free particulars write to:

NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi, Bengal.
Agents: Kemp & Co., Charni Rd., Bombay.
J. Tirath & Co., Bunder Rd., Karachi.
Tele. Address:—"Ulcer" Kandi.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS

Mr. C. H. A. R. Hardcastle, Honorary Consul for Finland at Bombay, resumed charge of his office on the 24th November, 1928.

Signor R. Stuparich, Acting Honorary Consular Agent for Italy at Karachi, resumed charge of his office on the 19th November, 1928.

Mr. D. C. A. Kincaid I.C.S., an Assistant Collector in the District of Satara, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district.

Mr. S. Y. Deshpande Senior S.M.S Officer, is to be Medical Officer of the Yeravda Central Prison in this arrangement.

Mr. Manilal Jagdishbhai Dalal, an Assistant Collector in the District of Sholapur, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district.

Mr. M. R. Meher, an Assistant Collector in the Dharwar District, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district.

Mr. T. E. Streatfield, an Assistant Collector in Ahmedabad District, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district.

Mr. E. Price, an officer of the Indian Audit and Accounts Service, has, on return from leave, been posted as Assistant Director of Commercial Audit, Bombay Circle, with effect from the 15th November 1928.

S. S. "RAHMANI"

A pleasant function took place on Wednesday afternoon in F. Shed, Prince's Dock, when Messrs. Turner Morrison and Co. invited a large number of distinguished guests to view their new steamer S.S. "Rahmani."

The S.S. "Rahmani" is the latest addition to the Mogul Fleet of pilgrim steamers and as is the case with the existing vessels of the Company has been expressly designed and built for the Pilgrim Traffic. The vessel has been built by Messrs. Lithgow and Co., Ltd., of Port Glasgow and engined by Messrs. Rankin and Blackmore. Her dimensions are 410 feet long by 54 feet beam by 34 feet depth moulded and her gross onnage is 5,291 with a deadweight lift of 8,250 tons on a draft of 25 feet 8 inches. It is estimated that she will carry some 1,990 pilgrims including 30 First Class and 20 Second Class. The comfort of First and Second Class passengers has been carefully studied.

GOVT'S. MOVE TO SUPPRESS TRADE UNIONISM

MR. D. SHIVA RAO WARNS LABOURERS

MADRAS, Dec. 13.

Addressing a meeting of labourers, Mr. B. Shiva Rao, President of the Madras Labour Union, who is shortly proceeding to Jherria to attend the forthcoming session of the All-India Trade Union Congress, warned the workers against drastic legislation which, it seemed to him, was contemplated by the Government of India, for suppressing the trade union movement altogether. Indian labour, he declared, stood to gain more by the introduction of Swaraj than any other class, and he thought that in the coming struggle for Swaraj, Labour should take a part worthy of its future.

The meeting unanimously adopted a resolution asking the Trade Union Congress, at its session at Jherria, to give unqualified support to the Nehru Report.—A.P.

NATIONAL LIBERAL FEDERATION

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 12.

The Eleventh Session of the National Liberal Federation will be held on December 30 and 31 with Sir Chimanlal Setalvad as President.—A.P.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Her Highness Maharani (Senior) Chandravati Baisaheb Holkar has given a donation of Rs. 50 to the Nath Boarding House for depressed class boys and girls on the occasion of the 39th birthday celebrations of H. H. Maharaja Tukoji Rao Holkar.

The All-India Kshatriya Youngmen's Association will hold its special session at Padrauna Raj, District Gorakhpur, B.N.R. on the 6th and 7th of January 1929.

Sayed Mahomadali Gulamali Inamdar Saheb died of heart-failure on the 5th inst. at an early age of 37. He was the elected President of the Ankleswar Municipality since 1926. A complete hartal was observed in the town and all the schools and offices were also closed. His burial ceremony was attended by about a thousand men amongst whom were also eminent Hindus Parsis and Christians.

Calcutta.—Mr. M. A. Jinnah is expected to arrive here on December 23 and Sir Ali Imam on the 24th December. Mahatma Gandhi while in Calcutta will stay with Pandit Motilal Nehru. A Joint railway booking office will be opened at Deshbandhu Nagar by the East Indian, Bengal Nagpur and East Bengal Railways from December 15.—A.P.

ATIYA BEGUM'S SCHOOL

EXPERIMENT ON WELL-CONSIDERED LINES"

The Hon. Sir Ghulam Hoosain Hidayatullah and the Hon. Dewan Bahadur Harilalbhai Desai visited the Muslim Girl School established by Atiya Begum in Balaram Street on Thursday. They were very much pleased and noted down as follows in the Visitors' Book:—

"Visited Atiya Begum's Institution for Muslim Girls in Balaram Street. It is very well-housed. The children looked happy sprightly and clean. The progress in English, Urdu, Persian, etc. is very satisfactory. The School is a new experiment on well considered lines. We wish every success to it."

THANA AND BOMBAY SUBURBAN DIS-CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES CONFERENCE

The above Conference will be held at Vile Parle on Saturday and Sunday, the 15th and 16th instant in the Tilak Mandir under the presidentship of Mr. G. K. Deodhar, the President of the Servants of India Society. The proceedings will commence at 4 p.m. on Saturday with the speech of the President-elect.

The Subjects Committee will be formed after the closing of the speech and will meet at 9 p.m. to consider the agenda to be placed before the Conference next day.

On the morning of Sunday, the 16th instant at 8 a.m. Mr. V. V. Gadgil, the Deputy Director of Agriculture and three other officers of the Agricultural Department will deliver lectures on:—(1) The place of co-operation in agriculture; (2) Paddy cultivation in Thana District (3) Fruit cultivation and (4) Agricultural improvements.

The Conference will meet at 1 p.m. in the afternoon in open Sessions to consider the agenda placed before it by the subjects Committee.

BOYCOTT OF BRITISH GOODS

Mr. N. M. Menon, Hon. Secretary, B. P. C. C. writes:—

"The Khaddar and Swadeshi (Arts and Crafts) Sub-Committee of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has decided to carry on an intensive propaganda for the boycott of British Goods and the promotion of Swadeshi.

Holding a quarterly Exhibition of Khaddar and other pure and genuine Swadeshi articles in four different localities of the Bombay City shall be one of the items in the programme of our activittes in this direction.

Therefore, I appeal to all Indian manufacturers and dealers in genuine Swadeshi articles to co-operate with us and arrange to send their exhibits to these Exhibitions.

Public lectures will also be arranged in different parts of the Bombay City for this purpose."

GOKULDAS CULLIANJI AHMEDNAGAR COTTON PRESS CO. LTD.

The 36th annual ordinary general meeting of the Shareholders of the Gokuldas Cullianji Ahmednagar Cotton Press Co. Ltd. was held on Tuesday 11th December 1928 at 2-0 p.m. (S. T.), at the Registered Office of the Company at 74-76 Bora Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay, Mr. Moolji Shamji presiding.

The Directors in the course of their report for the year ending 30th June 1938. stated that a net Profit of Rs. 32,127-2-2 has been made during the year on the Balance of Rs. 407-6-0 brought over from last year's account being added, the amount available for disposal is Rs. 32,534-8-2 which the Directors recommended to dispose of as under. To write off to Machinary Depreciation, Rs. 7,000; To write off to Building Depreciation, Rs. 1,500; To write off to Dead stock and Furniture Depreciation, Rs. 100; To carry for Reserve Fund, Rs. 4,500; To pay a Dividend Free of Income Tax for the year ending 30th June 1928 at Rs. 16|- per share of Rs. 100|- each, Rs. 12,000; To pay Bonus to Company's Staff, Rs. 600 To carry forward to next year's account, Rs. 6,834-8-2. Total Rs. 32,534-8-2.

The Directors Report was adopted together with the recommendation made in it. The retiring Director Seth Mulji Shamji was re elected as Director.

IMPERIAL BANK RATE

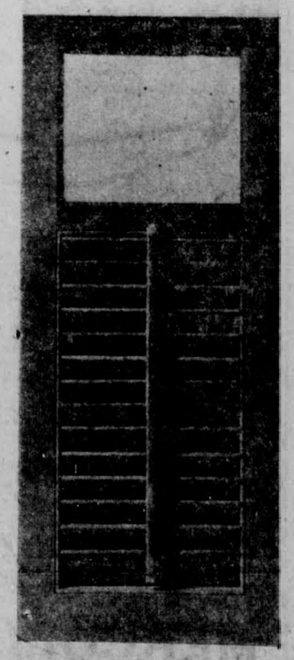
BOMBAY, Dec 13.

The Imperial Bank of India rate of interest on demand loans on Government paper is raised to seven per cent.—A.P.

New Delhi, Dec. 13.—The Conference of Presidents of Legislative Councils convened by the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel meets in Delhi on the 5th, 6th and 7th January and not as stated previously.—A. P.

CONTRACTORS & LANDLORDS

are now taking full advantage of the Machine-made Doors and Windows manufactured by SUNDERDAS SAW MILLS, and it is worth while paying a visit to the above Mills, and have a look at the samples:—



These doors and windows are far superior in quality and workmanship to hand-made articles, and are also cheaper. This is the largest Manufacturing Concern for Flooring, Ceiling, Mouldings, Electric Wire Casing, etc., and is situated opposite Reay Road Station, Bombay, No. 10.

(Advt.)

Get a New Life

Thousands of hopeless patients have got new life, by using the following long tried specifics of the **Chief Hukma of Kashmir** State. Complete cure guaranteed or full amount refunded.

Victory (Regd.) shall make you perfect man in 2 hours: the best retentive and good tonic. No opium. Quite safe, **Price Rs. 2 per dozen.**

Teryaq Atshaq—Matchless remedy for any kind of Syphilis. Absolutely without mercury No trouble, but complete cure in one Week. **Price Rs. 3.**

Sujan Mohani (Regd.) A few grains of it shall change your old wife into quite young one in 10 minutes. Quite safe but most certain. **Price Rs. 2 per tola.**

Aksir—shall cure old or new Gonorrhoea in a few days without fail. Guaranteed not to contain Morphia, Sandal Oil, etc., etc., **Price Rs. 3 only.**

Tila Dilruba (Regd.)—Use it once and you most proud and indifferent darling shall be enslaved for ever. A packet for 6 times Price Rs. 2 only.

Dr. T. N. SHARMA, KAVIRAT
Darulsehat (Regd.) Gujrat, (PUNJAB.)

Use Basel Mission Roofing Tiles

RAVAL & CO.,
13, Bank Street ..... Fort, Bombay.

CURRENCY DEPT. ACCOUNTS

An abstract of the accounts of the Currency Department on the 7th inst. was as under:—

(In thousands of rupees.)	
Notes in circulation.	1848133
Reserve—coin and bullion:—	
In India	
Silver coin	996391
Gold Coin &bullion	310707
Silver bullion under coinage	39313
Securities (purchase price).	
In India	423248
In England	58474
Internal Bills of Exchange.	20000

Nature's way to a perfect complexion

Natural ways are always best. Nature meant women to have a beautiful complexion. Nature gave us a skin which consists of several layers because it meant the outer layer, which is exposed to the air and dust and so gets worn and discoloured, gradually to dissolve away and make room for the fresh, young skin underneath. Unhappily, modern life only too often interferes with Nature's plan and minute particles of the old, worn-out cuticle remain to clog up the tiny pores and choke the young skin underneath.

That's why complexions are apt to become dull and muddy and that's why so many of our professional beauties use Mercolized Wax so regularly. Mercolized Wax has this peculiar property. Gently rubbed in with the finger-tips at night, it quietly and imperceptibly dissolves away all the tiny particles of worn-out skin while you sleep, so that you wake in the morning with a complexion that is absolutely clear and fresh. It is Nature's way to natural beauty. Just try this simple plan to-night, but be sure to ask the chemist for pure Mercolized Wax. Nothing else will do.

MERCOLIZED WAX

DOES NOT contain Mercury or anything injurious to the complexion, and is guaranteed not to encourage the growth of hair.

Bring out that Hidden Charm

HOW can you look your best if you do not bring out the best that is in your hair?

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MADE IN A MOMENT WITH HOT OR COLD WATER

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RIOT IN MILL AREA

FOUR PERSONS DIE OF INJURIES

EVIDENCE AT THE INQUEST

The riot at Lal Baug which took place on Wednesday morning culminated in the death of four persons, one of whom is a lad of hardly fifteen years. The deceased was a motor-cleaner, and not a mill-operative. The four persons who died are (1) Pandurang Bhima, (2) Vishnu Gopal, (3) Babu Vishnu and (4) Sawji Sakharam.

The Coroner held an inquest on Thursday, touching the death of these four persons and after recording identification and medical evidence, adjourned further hearing till the 20th instant.

PANDURANG BHIMA.

The first inquest was held on the body of Pandurang Bhima (15). Makerbai Bhima, his mother residing at Mahim, said:—"The deceased was my son. He was a motor car cleaner. He left home for work at 6 a.m. on Wednesday. At about 1 p.m. I received information that he had died of gun-shot wound. I identified the body last night in the morgue."

Dr. W. Nuran, Police Surgeon, who made the post-mortem examination, said there were two bullet wounds in the left side of the chest in the line of the arm pit. The bullet had penetrated the sixth rib, and passed to the left lung. Another bullet had penetrated the right lung and punctured the fourth right rib. Both the chest cavity contained blood. The cause of death was internal haemorrhage from bullet wound involving both lungs.

VISHNU GOPAL.

Another victim was Vishnu Gopal (22). The deceased's father Gopal Tukaram said:—"The deceased worked with me in the mill. Yesterday at 8 a.m. he left home. I heard that some mill-workers had died of gun-shot wounds. I went to the K. E. M. Hospital and identified the body."

Dr. R. E. Dadachanji, Assistant Dean, K. E. M. Hospital, said:—"The deceased was brought to the hospital at about 10 a.m. He was suffering from punctured wound in the region of heart. He was in a dying condition. He was admitted and treated, but died within a short time. The bullet seemed to have pierced the heart and the left lung."

BABU VISHNU.

The third person to die of the gun-shot wound was Babu Vishnu (22). His uncle Sadu Ganu residing at Naigaum said:—"The deceased was a mill-worker. At 11 a.m. I received information that he died of gun-shot wound. I identified the body at the morgue just now."

Dr. R. E. Dadachanji, Assistant Dean, K. E. M. Hospital, said:—"The deceased was suffering from a lacerated wound in right groin. He was in a condition of shock and was bleeding. He died at 11-15 a.m."

SAWJI SAKHARAM.

The fourth inquest was on the body of Sawji Sakharam (25). Dhondu Sakharam, the deceased's brother, said:—"The deceased was a mill-worker. He left house at 6 a.m. on Wednesday. I received information that he had died of gun-shot wound. I identified the body in the K. E. M. Hospital."

Dr. Dadachanji deposed that the deceased was brought in a dying condition. He had a punctured wound in the left arm pit in the middle line and on the sixth rib. He died at 5 p.m. Death being due to internal haemorrhage caused by the gun-shot wound.

The Coroner adjourned further hearing to the 20th instant at 10 a.m.

The mill area once again presented a lively appearance on Thursday when practically all mills worked as before and complete peace and order were restored. Among those mills which had been closed down owing to lightning strike recently, David and Tata Mills resumed work on Wednesday. The following mills are still affected by strike and were not working with normal strength, viz., Jubilee, Kohinoor, New China, Swan, Standard and Petit group.

LALAJI'S SUCCESSOR FOR ASSEMBLY

NO SELECTION BY CONGRESS YET

LAHORE, Dec. 12.

The Board appointed by the Congress to recommend a person to fill the vacancy in the Legislative Assembly caused by the death of Lala Lajpat Rai has not yet come to any conclusion. It is understood, however, that in the interests of harmony in the ranks of the Congress, Dr. Satyapal has withdrawn his name from the list of nominees. A. P.

HIGH-WAY ROBBERY OF MAILS AT BALLIA

REWARD OFFERED FOR INFORMATION

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 13.

The Post-Master General, United Provinces, announces the offer of a reward of Rs. 500 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person implicated in the highway robbery of mails at Ballia on the night of the fourth December.—A. P.

Will be Ready Shortly

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OF

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"KATCHA KHANDI" APPEAL ECHO

PROSECUTIONS OF 353 PERSONS

E. I. COTTON ASSOCIATION OFFERS COUNSEL'S FEES

It is well-known that the Government of Bombay made a successful appeal in the case known as the "Katcha Khandi Case" at the Bombay High Court. Following that appeal they are now, it is understood, taking steps to proceed against remaining 353 persons arrested by the police. A fresh application will be made shortly at the Esplanade Police Court for the issue of notices against these persons under Section 4 (A) of the Gambling Act.

The East India Cotton Association, Limited, at whose instance the police proceeded against Thavarmull Rupchand, one of the accused in the Police Court as a test case, have authorised the Public Prosecutor to brief Mr. Frank Oliveira as counsel to conduct the prosecutions against the other 353 persons at the expense of the Association. It is understood that the accused will be tried in batches of 15 or 20 and that the case against the Shri Mahajan Association itself on a charge of keeping a common gaming house will be taken up at the conclusion of the trial of the 353 persons.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF IMPERIAL AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH CONFERENCE

EMPIRE REPRESENTATIVES MEET IN LONDON

LONDON, Dec. 13.

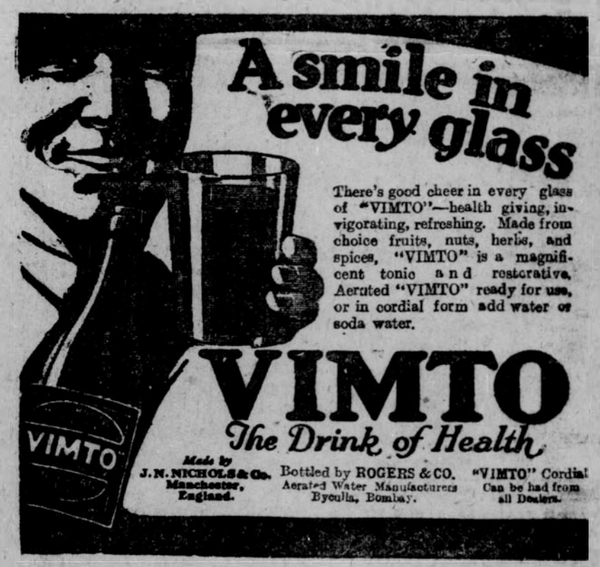
The Dominions Office announces that in pursuance of the recommendation of the Imperial Agricultural Research Conference of 1927 meetings of the Empire representatives were recently held in London to formulate proposals which governments are now considering. The proposals include the establishment of eight new clearing houses of information to be attached to the existing Research Institutes, Directors of which will be Directors of the Clearing Houses. Sir Robert Creig is proposed as the Chairman of the Executive Council.—Reuter.

BOLIVIA RECONCILED TO PAN-AMERICANCONFERENCE

DECIDES TO CONTINUE PARTICIPATION

LONDON, Dec. 13.

Washington.—Bolivia has decided to continue to participate in the Pan-American Conference. The Volte face is due to Mr. Kellogg's efforts.—Reuter.



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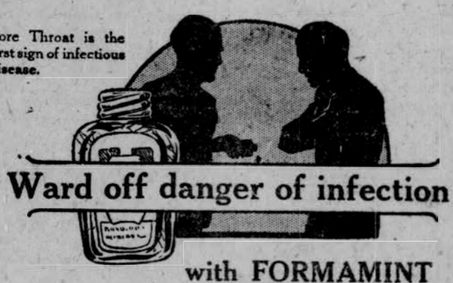

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The Germ-Killing Throat Tablet

TWENTY BALE UNIT

(Continued from page 1.6).

result of this attitude on the part of the Board will invite grave crisis and perhaps it will be too late then to mend matters.

SEPARATE BRANCH IS A PART OF ASSOCIATION.

Mr. Joshi believes that a separate branch means a separate market—which means competition. The branch is not an independant body but is an auxiliary of the East India Cotton Association and it is impossible for a part to offer competition to the mighty E. I. C. Association. The new scheme is bound to stabilise prices and keep an equilibrium as neither manipulations and squeezes nor raidings and depressings will be of any profit as clearing rates are to be one and the same, offering no profits for straddles or 'budlas'.

INTERESTS OF AGRICULTURISTS.

Mr. Joshi's statement is absolutely correct as regards perpetual indebtedness of cotton growers and hence their condition requires something more than ordinary protection. To liberate the farmers from the clutches of money-lenders, small units will induce cheaper loans from money-lenders of limited means. There will be a competition among money-lenders and loans at lower rates of interest will be easily procurable for the small needs of individual farmer. If only 2 per cent. of cotton growers could be induced to take advantage of facilities of hedging, the lower unit is bound to increase the number of such cotton growers taking advantage of enlarged facilities.

BROKERAGE BUSINESS WILL DWINDLE DOWN.

Under present trading methods of the E. I. C. A. half a per cent. brokerage is fixed for a round turn of buying and selling. What is happening to day in the market? I know of numerous cases where brokerage of Rs. 25, Rs. 12/8, Rs. 6/4 and even Rs. 3/2 is charged on a 100 bales business. Some European houses are only lucky in getting half a per cent. brokerage and despite this fact being as clear as day light, nothing is being done by the Board to enforce the rule. Who is responsible for this dwindling down of brokerage? Reduced unit will be chargeable with "ad valorem" brokerage and it will not make any difference. On the contrary broad business will yield large sums of brokerage.

TOWARDS CRISIS.

If bona-fide business will lead to crisis, the causes must be found somewhere else and not with genuine cotton dealer. Even in spite of sufficient measures, few months back, not less than five members of the E. I.C. A. were declared defaulters involving several lacs of rupees. This crisis was due to trading beyond means and absence of weekly clearings and suspension of the right of demanding name of a guarantor. Under my scheme more than sufficient provision is made against such cases of reckless speculation and trading beyond one's means. The chances of crisis are greatly minimised. Such protection as I have suggested is not even provided in the present trading methods of the E. I. C. A.

REDUCTION NECESSARY.

I see no way for a compromise as the case requires consideration on its own merits. In the richest country like the United States of America, the unit is reduced to 50 bales. In economic condition of that country the new unit is found favourable, while in a poor country like India there is greater need of a smaller unit. It is left to the choice of cotton trade which unit should be adopted but refusal to reduce present unit of 100 bales will most likely lead to crisis. America produces something like 15 million bales yearly and five markets, namely, New York, New Orleans, Chicago, Liverpool and Havre are provided successfully to market the crop. The total daily business in future contracts runs from 500,000 to 10,000,000 bales on the Cotton Exchanges and the pressure of heavy cotton movement is well divided to stabilize cotton prices. We have in India, only one market to take care of the crop of 50 to 70 lacs of bales and the narrowness of our trading methods often keeps prices of Indian cotton so much out of parity that two years back, the country imported not less than 5 lacs of bales of American cotton. The eventual result of this inadequate prosition of trading methods resulted in a loss of about Rs. 10,00,00,000 on a stock of a million and a quarter which we have to carry in declining markets and our cotton growers had to share the loss.

In my next article I will deal at length with the causes which are working against the development of a bona-fide cotton business in Bombay.

(To Be Continued).

Some members of the Servants of the People Society, established by Lala Lajpat Rai, are touring the United Provinces, collecting funds for the Lajpat Rai Memorial. One lakh of rupees has been fixed as the quota of the United Provinces for the fund. Pandit Malaviya regrets that his health does not permit him to tour the Province on behalf of the fund, but appeals to the people to do the duty they owe to Lalaji. —A. P.

RE-AWAKENED INTEREST IN ART

(Continued from page 6.)

should be given by the Gujarati Hindu women. The miserable enlargements, copies crudely adopted from picture post-cards and the attitude which sacrifices art for ingenuity are in sad prominence. Miss Madri Desai's flower studies and Mrs. Sumitra Vaikunthrai Desai's paintings are, however, genuine efforts. Both the exhibitors have been awarded medals, Miss Madri Desai gets the gold and Mrs. Sumitra Desai the silver medal.

ART FOR THE HOME.

It is to be hoped that the praiseworthy efforts of the Gujarati Hindu Stree Mandal will be rightly understood and appreciated. They have provided the basis for comparison and study. And the opportunity must not be lost by those genuinely interested in promoting and stimulating the interest in art re-awakened amongst Gujarati Hindu Women. The exhibition ought to be studied, not only visited. It would be futile, however, to visit the exhibition if one returns from the exhibition without learning the lesson suggested in the stall reserved for the architectural fragments kindly lent by the School of Art and the drawings taken from the ancient buildings of Gujarat. Art begins and must be re-established in the home. There can be no permanent security for art if Gujarati women neglect the beauty of the homes suggested and inspired by the architectural and artistic heritage of Gujarat.

The Exhibition is to be closed on Sunday. If it is possible the closing date should be extended.

SUBJECTS OF INDIAN STATES

THEY ARE NOT BRITISH SUBJECTS, SAYS WINTERTON

(Through Orient Press Servive.)

LONDON, Nov. 20.

The important question as to whether subjects of the Indian States were British subjects was raised by Mr. Saklatvala when he asked Earl Winterton, Under Secretary of State for India if he would state what was the location, area and total population of territories placed under the direct administration of the Western India States Agency; were the people in those territories considered British subjects purley, or did they owe allegiance to any other sovereign authority; what right of representation did these people possess as British subjects; what voice had they in the matter of taxation and general administration conducted by British officials; and to whom were these British officials responsible for their policy and conduct of affairs.

NOT BRITISH SUBJECTS.

Earl Winterton's reply was:—"The total area of the territories included in the Western India States Agency is about 35,000 square miles and the population about 3 1/2 millions. The people of these territories are not considered British subjects, but owe allegiance to the Rulers of the various States, and no question arises therefore of their having rights of representation as British subjects. The British officials employed to the Agency are responsible through the Agent to the Governor-General, to the Government of India. If the Honourable Member's question is intended to be limited to petty states or other areas in which the functions of the officers of the Agency may for various reasons be more directly administrative. I regret that I have not the detailed information that would be required to answer that question.

QUEEN'S ROAD MOTOR ACCIDENT

APPEAL TO EYE-WITNESSES

(From A Correspondent).

On the evening of Friday the 7th December 1928, a Parsi youth named Kaikhushru Dadabhoy Khambatta aged 36 years was fatally crushed on the Queen's Road near the Churchgate Railway Station under a motor car No. Y-895 driven by a European gentleman, named Mr. Pearse, of the G. I. P. Railway Co. The deceased was passing along the Queen's Road on the extreme left side thereof right close to the parapet wall of the railing of the Churchgate Railway Station The body of the deceased was so violently battered by the compact that he died instantaneously.

Messrs. P. D. Patel and Kavarana, two Parsi gentlemen who happened to pass by rendered all possible assistance for removing the body of the deceased to the morgue, and the same was ultimately removed to the J. J. Hospital in the car of Mr. Kavarana. A large crowd of passers-by was gathered on the spot after the incident, and naturally everybody's sympathy was evoked towards the deceased. The body of the deceased was identfied late in the evening at 8-30 p.m. and it was found that the deceased was living at Parsi Bazar Street. The deceased had married only about two years back, and leaves behind a widow and a small infant (aged 11 months), and also an aged mother towards whom the sympathy of the public is naturally attracted.

A coroner's inquest was held on the body of the deceased when evidence as to the identification of the body of the deceased was led, and the inquest was postponed to the 18th inst. at 10 a. m. in the Coroner's court. Having regard to the nature of this tragic incident, the public is anxious that a proper enquiry should be made into the cause of the accident and the circumstances under which it happened, and all the eye-witness who may be conversant with the accident, are expected to come forward with evidence in the interest of justice.

INCAUTIOUS EXPRESSIONS IN COURT

SENTENCE AGAINST LEGAL PRACTITIONER UPHELD

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 13.

The Allahabad High Court has dismissed the appeal of Mr. Rahim, Baksh, a legal practitioner, who was ordered by the Sub-Judge of Banda to pay Rs. 200 as damages to Bacchalal for defaming him. The case against Mr. Rahim Baksh was that in the course of some criminal proceedings, while a witness was being examined, Mr. Baksh stated in a loud voice in the Court Room that the most dishonest firm in Banda was the plaintiff's. The Lower Court held that the defendant, as a legal practitioner, should have been more cautious in his remarks, and added that humour and wit were desirable, but slander was to be avoided.

Mr. Justice Sen and Mr. Justice Neamtulla upheld the findings of the Lower Court and dismissed the appeal.—A. P.

Benares, Dec. 13th.—Benares is not yet free from cholera. Deaths from the epidemic during the week ended December 8th numbered twenty.—A. P.

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BOMBAY, FRIDAY DECEMBER 14 1928

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OFFER OF REVOLVERS TO PANDIT JAWAHARLAL!

The hidden hand at work

MAHATMAJI CONDEMNS SHADY TACTICS OF THE C. I. D.

Mahatma Gandhi writes in "Young India":—

Describing the incidents of Lucknow in a private letter Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru writes:

"An incident which took place yesterday morning might interest you. I have not mentioned it in my statement. Soon after the mounted and foot police had driven us back near the station a young man, whom I took to be a student, came to me and said that he could bring me two revolvers immediately if I wanted to use them. We had just experienced the baton and "lathi" charges and there was a great deal of anger and resentment in the crowd. I suppose he thought that it was a favourable moment to make the offer. I told him not to be foolish. Soon after I found out quite casually that this particular person was known to be in the C. I. D."

Pandit Jawaharlal was safe as he has no secrets. If he finds any use for revolvers in his scheme for the freedom of the country, he will not need the offer from an outsider to lend him one. He will carry it himself openly and use it effectively when in his opinion the occasion has arrived. So he was safe from the blandishments of the C.I.D. And what applies to Pandit Jawaharlal applies in a measure to all Congressmen. For happily the Congress politics abhor secrecy. Congressmen have ceased to talk with closed doors; they have shed the fear of the C.I.D.

TEMPTING OFFER.

But the C.I.D. will not be itself if it does not have emissaries whose business among other things it is to expose people to temptations and entrap them in the nets prepared for them. It is difficult to imagine an occupation more debasing and degrading than this, and yet it has been reduced to a science by the chief governments of the world and has attracted to it some of its cleverest brains. Britain takes perhaps the first place in this occupation. Lying in the C.I.D. is cultivated as a fine art. Ponsonby's "Falsehood in War Time" gives a painful record of lying on the part of all the powers that were engaged in the past me of mutual destruction on the false plea of philanthropy. It is a black record of crimes committed by the nations of whom Britain was not the least but probably the greatest offender. She could have stopped the War if she had been less greedy and less selfish.

Wherever you turn in India you encounter pitfalls. To me every institution—be it the most philanthropic— run by and in the name of the Empire in India has an unmistakable taint about it. That we run to and hug most or some of them is no test of their goodness. It is test of our helplessness, short-sightedness or selfishness. We have not the courage to sacrifice much in order to save ourselves from criminal participation in sustaining an Empire which is based on fraud and force, and whose chief, if not one, aim is to perpetuate the policy of ever-growing exploitation of the socalled weaker races of the earth.

In a way the C.I.D. is the least dangerous of the traps so cleverly laid by the builders. Those whose exterior is attractive are really the most dangerous of all. We often fall into one of these enticing but deadly traps, before we hardly know where we are. It was for some such reason that the Romans said: 'Beware of the Greeks, specially when they bring you gifts.' When an enemy comes to you bearing the look of philanthropy, he is to be most dreaded. Would that the youth of the country learnt this simple truth and avoided the pitfalls into which they daily fall even whilst they are cursing the Empire and hoping to deliver the country from the intolerable yoke which is not only ruining the nation economically but is also causing unfathomable moral mischief.

WELFARE WORK BY WOMEN

THE WESTERN EXAMPLE

The annual general meeting of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council was held at the Sydenham College of Commerce on Tuesday evening when Lady Dorab Tata, President of the Council was in the Chair. A large gathering of the members included Mrs. F. S. Talyarkhan (Chairman of the Council), Mrs. C. P. Blackwell (Vice-Chairman), Mrs. Mirza Ali Akbar Khan, Lady Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Mrs. Faiz Tyabjee, Miss E. C. Gedge, Mrs. J. N. Duggan, Mrs. Raiji, Mrs. Rowe, Mrs. I. David, Mrs. Hamley, Mrs. H. W. Bryant, Mrs. Abraham, Mrs. Kabraji (Representative of the Poona Branch of the Council), Mrs. Salim Ali, Miss P. M. Kanga, Miss Engineer, Miss S. Rustomjee and Mrs. V. N. Chandavarkar.

Before starting the business of the day, Lady Tata, alluding to the latest news regarding His Majesty the King-Emperor, requested those present to offer a silent prayer—all standing.

Reading the general report of the year, Miss Roshan Vakil (Hon. Secretary) said that the Council had maintained a fair standard of useful work and had continued its policy of co-operating with other Social Work Organisations in Bombay. One of the most important pieces of work done during the year was the organising of a public meeting of women to support Rai Saheb Har Bilas Sarda's Marriage Restraint Act 1928 as amended by the Select Committee of the Legislative Assembly. The Parliamentary sub-committee collected funds to present the Yeravada Mental Hospital with a motor-bus for the use of inmates and also made a small gift to the Thana Mental Hospital. The Rescue Home of the Council continued to do excellent work but was experiencing much difficulty owing to lack of funds. Requests for information regarding Women's Organisations convinced the Management Committee of the necessity of revising the Hand-book of Women's Work done in the Presidency, and first published by the Council in 1920.

DISTRICT BRANCHES.

Attempts were made by the Management Committee to open Branches of the Council in Karachi and Surat, but no tangible result has yet been achieved. The monthly At-Homes were well attended.

The following office bearers were elected for the ensuing year:—Miss E. C. Gedge (Chairman), Mrs. Faiz Tyabjee (Vice-Chairman), Miss Roshan Vakil (Hon. Secretary), Miss P. M. Kanga (Hon. Treasurer) and Miss Sherene Rustomjee (Hon. Secretary "At Homes.")

Interesting reports were read from the Poona and Ahmedabad Branches.

The President, Lady Tata in an address congratulated the various Committees for their excellent work during the year. In referring to the Public meeting of women held in June in support of Rai Saheb Har Bilas Sarda's Marriage Restraint Act, Lady Tata said: "The success of this meeting shows that we, the women in India, are indeed awakening and beginning to realise the great evils attending the deplorable custom of child-marriage and child-mothers. To realise this evil and to raise their voice so emphatically in fighting against such an undesirable custom prevailing amongst us is indeed half the battle. It is only when we women raise an outcry and raise the standard of revolt, as it were, of such customs and habits as have prevailed for so many years to the detriment of the race and the nation that success will be achieved. This is women's work, and we women must all combine and never relax for a moment our efforts to gain the ultimate goal—strong, healthy, well-grown mothers, and strong, healthy, well-grown children.."

RESCUE HOME.

"The splendid work done by the Rescue Home Sub-Committee, under the able guidance of Mrs. F. S. Talyarkhan does not need any words from me to tell you how much good this Home is doing and what a much-needed and much-felt want it is providing to our city. It is amazing how she and her sub-committee have managed to achieve so much on the very limited means at their command. As you all know nothing can be done without sufficient funds, and I feel that the time has now come when we must all make a great combined effort to enable this sub-committee to place the Home on a sound footing and to enlarge it so as to be able to take in more inmates and thus save many more of our unfortunate sisters and help them to live healthy useful lives in the future.

"I sincerely trust that the Bombay Municipality and the Government of Bombay will both show their appreciation of the good work done by this Rescue Home in a practical manner and will contribute an adequate monthly allowance towards its maintainence. I also think that the annual donation given to the sub-committee from our own funds may well be increased by a reasonable sum and thus enable them to meet their many expenses and their many needs. I am sure that if an organised appeal were made to the generous public of Bombay, that they would readily respond and help to maintain so useful an institution as this, which benefits all communities."

WESTERN EXAMPLES.

"My visit to the meeting of the International Council of Women in Geneva last year," continued Lady Tata, "was indeed a revelation to me. The wonderful activities carried on by women in all the 40 different nationalities which compose of the International Council of Women—of which I am happy to say we are also a unit now—are too numerous to enumerate. The zeal and enthusiasm and the great ability with which they work, each group in their own country, the marvellous results achieved by them whether in the sphere of social service or education, or public health, or law, or art or literature or citizenship were a fine example for us to follow. If only we could do and achieve in our generation one-tenth of all that the women of the West are doing we should be well satisfied with our life's work.

HANDICAPED MOVIE HEROINES

TAKE-UP HIDES BAD FEATURES

Almost every expert upon screen matters agrees that beauty is the first, if not the only attribute would-be film stars of the feminine gender must possess if they aspire to make good on the silver sheet.

In a measure, this is the truth. But only in a measure. The art of Kinematography has progressed to such an amazing extent that it has become absolutely Artful. . . . it can, and does deceive the world.

Aided by the skilled and experienced greasepaint merchants the kinema tricks everyone into believing what isn't, is in the way of beauty on the screen.

All honour, however, to the plucky little ladies who refused to be daunted by Nature's handicaps, and never rested till these had been overcome. For very few, even amongst the accepted Beauties of Screenland are beautiful in the artistic sense of the word; many would never be amongst the runners-up in any beauty contest.

This one's eyes are too small, that one's nose is hopeless, the other's skin is against her. Yet ladies with these defects patent to the naked eye, still manage to deceive the film cameras and the film public, and pass for the Beauties they emphatically are not.

But for a struggling artist to achieve, all by herself, the exact methods of fooling the world into hailing her as a beauty is really wonderful, and deserving of the highest praise.

It is not vanity, though something akin to vanity. It needs endless patience and perseverance to achieve it, but it is worth it.

NEW MANNERISM.

When Norma Shearer, an acknowledged screen beauty, commenced her career, she had to fight against the handicap of a pair of eyes that were decidedly on the small side. They were very, very expressive, Norma's worst enemy could not deny that, but for a girl seeking a place in the sunlight they were a very serious drawback indeed.

However, the determined young lady from Canada took counsel with all the oldest actors on the various "lots" she worked upon. Between them all they worked out a rather complicated make-up, which intensified the expression of her eyes, and made them look much larger than they were. The next thing to do was to acquire a set of new mannerisms, and get rid of an old one . . . that of letting her head hang forward. A few kind words to the lighting expert on the set, and the thing was done. That almost regal turn of the head, that erect pose and glidings walk that are now so noticeable about Norma Shearer are acquires arts. . . acquired in order to make the best of the worst points of a star who is ideally lovely on the screen. Thus writes Bill Bradbury in Picture Goer.

The case of Gloria Swanson is another of the kind. Any cameraman will tell you that Gloria has almost every handicap on the list. They agree that her eyes are the wrong shape and colour, her nose is too thick at the tip, and her mouth isn't all it ought to be.

COSMETIC SLIHONTTE.

But that does not prevent her from being a beauty as well as a fine artist on the films. Skilful cosmetics skilfully put on disguise the faulty features, a line here and a line there, one to add, one to subtract, attention to every little detail of dressing and lighting has made Gloria into a beauty. She is a very small, rather plump person. On the screen she is tall, and decidedly svelte and her reddish hair looks black. That's all.

The ungallant artist who made nice remarks about Norma. Talmadge's nose had voracity on his side. It is "bulbous" but careful disposition of lights and cameras do away with the fact in celluloid. So expressive is the face of the elder of the Talmadge sisters that she can express any and every emotion with scarcely a movement of any feature except her eyes.

Several stars are exceedingly darkskinned in real life. One of them is Nita Naldi. But so cleverly does Nita make-up, that this defect is not noticeable, neither is a certain heaviness of feature peculiar to this famous brunette.

Until Rex Ingram had a brainwave, and ordered the famous fair wig, Alice Terry was seriously handicapped by her hair, which photographed extremely badly. Her hair and her heavy-lidded eyes were two factors dead against her in the beginning. But with the blonde wig came a new system of posing and lighting, and the result was the discovery that whilst the brunette Alice was only "nice-looking," the blonde edition of the same lady was a raging beauty; and it is an accepted fact that Alice Terry plus her wig is one of the most beautiful women on the screen.

PHYSICAL HANDICAPS.

Another vivacious lady who won out despite a nose and chin that are "all wrong," and "the very deuce to light away," is Bebe Daniels. Bebe has gorgeous eyes, and whilst she was just Harold Lloyd's leading woman, the rest did not matter so much. After she became a star, it was a different matter, but once again careful arrangement of lights, and cameras slightly out of focus worked wonders.

Some faces, of course, are perfect, and easy to photograph from any angle, but the greater part of them are very far from perfect, and it takes these handicapped heroines all their time and the camera's resources to help out Mother Nature and make good her careless work.

ALL EYES TURNED TO CALCUTTA

Diary of the National Week

With the approach of the Congress Week in Calcutta during the Christmas, all eyes are turned to the City of Palaces on the Hooghly where momentous decisions in the interest of India's struggle for freedom will be taken. The following is diary of the National week commencing December 22:—

DECEMBER 23 (SAT.).

All-Parties' Convention
President—Dr. M. A. Ansari.
Place—Convention Pandal.

DECEMBER 23 (SUN.).

All-Parties' Convention
President—Dr. M. A. Ansari.
Place Convention Pandal.

DECEMBER 24 (MON.).

All-Parties' Convention
President—Dr. M. A. Ansari.
Plaie... Cnnvention Pandal.

DECEMBER 25 (TUE.).

(1) Subjects Committee of Convention
Place—President's Room.
(2) Subjects Committee of Congress
Place—A. I. C. C. Pondal.
(3) Social Conference
President—Mr. M. R. Jayakar.
Place—Special Pandal.
Deshbandhu Nagar.
(Open session at 3 p.m. Subjects Committee Pandal 6 p.m.).
(4) Youth Congress
President—Mr. K. F. Nariman.
Place—Convention Pandal.
(5) Khilafat Conference
President—M. Mahomed Ali.
Place—Khilafat Pandal.
(6) All-India Jadava Mahasabha
President—Rao Bal Bir Singh.
Place—Shraddhand Park.

DECEMBER 26 (WED.).

(1) Social Conference
President—Mr. M. R. Jayakar.
Place—Special Pandal,
Deshbandhu Nagar.
(Open session at 8 a.m.).
(2) Subjects Committee of Convention
Place—President's Room.
(3) Subjects Committee of Congress
Place—A. I. C. C. Pandal.
(4) Vaisya Conference
Place—Extra Pandal.
(5) Youth Congress
President—Mr. K. F. Nariman.
Place—Convention Pandal.
(6) Khilafat Conference
(7) All-India Muslim League
Presilent—Maharaja of Mahmudabad.
Place—Albert Hall.
(8) All-India Medical Conference
President—Dr. G. V. Deshmukh.
Place—Chittaranjan Hospital.
(9) All-India Library Conference
Place—Senate Hall.
(10) All-India Jadava Mahasabha
President—Rao Bal wir Singh.

DECEMBER 27 (THU.).

(1) All-Parties' Convention
President—Dr. M. A. Ansari.
Place—Convention Pandal.
(2) Vaisya Conference
Place—Extra Pandal.
(3) Ladies' Conference
President—Maharani of Travancore.
(4) Khilafat Conference
(5) All-India Muslim League
President—Maharaja of Mahmudabad.
Place—Albert Hall.
(6) All-India Jadava Mahasabha
President—Rao Bal Bin Singh.
(7) Library Conference
Place—Senate Hall.
(8) All-India Medical Conference
President—Dr. G. V. Deshmukh.
Place—Chittaranjan Hospital.

DECEMBER 28 (FRI.).

(1) All-Parties' Convention
President—Dr. M. A. Ansari.
Place—Convention Pandal.
(2) Ladies' Conference
President—Maharani of Travancore.
(3) All-India Muslim League
President—Maharaja of Mahmudabad.
Place—Albert Hall.
(4) All-India Medical Conference
President—Dr. G. V. Deshmukh.
Place—Chittaranjan Hospital.

DECEMBER 29 (SAT.).

(1) Sarbajanin Prayers
Place—Convention Pandal.
(2) Congress
President—Pt. Motilal Nehru.

DECEMBER 30 (SUN.).

(1) Congress
President—Pt. Motilal Nehru.
(2) Postal Conference
President—Mr. K. C. Neogi.

DECEMBER 31 (MON.).

(1) Congress
President—Pt. Motilal Nehru.
(2) Postal Conference
President—Mr. K. C. Neogi.

OTHER CONFERENCES.

The Conference, of which dates have not yet been finally fixed:—

(1) Hindusthani Seva Dal Conference.
(2) Rashtra Bhasa Conference.
(3) All-India Cow Conference.
(4) Arya Samaj Conference.
(5) All-India Music Conference.
(6) Andhra Provincial Conference.
(7) All-India Independence League.
(8) All-India Theists Conference.

TERRORISM IN EGYPT

Flogging For Cheering Wafd Leader

The "Daily Herald," (London) of the 17th November contains the following news:—

Mahomed Mahmud Pasha, the Dictator-Premier of Egypt, appears to be carrying out his threat to "hold the Government's opponents strictly to account."

Eighty men have been arrested for cheering for Nahas Pasha, the Wafd leader, during the Premier's visit to Mansura, Nahas' native town.

They were, according to their own statements, chained and brutally flogged in prison. They were not allowed to communicate with their lawyers. And on release, after flogging, they were warned that the courts would not listen to any complaints of their treatment.

Tewfik Diab, editor of the big Alexandria newspaper "Wadennib" has been arrested for "inciting to rebellion" in a speech. The sentence upon which the charge is based is a statement that "all patriots struggling for independence and for the constitution will know how to bear pain and sacrifices unflinchingly!"

The newspapers have been forbidden to make any reference at all to the meeting of Senators and Deputies of the dissolved Parliament, which is being held to-day in Cairo.

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